THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, ...PROPRIETORS

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...EDITOR
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....PUBLISHER

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—Switzerland is now a *de facto* nation, free and independent as were the inspirations of William Tell. Another republican victory.

—The Emperor of Russia is now in England and we're sorry to say that seed potatoes are retailing in Bellefonte at $1.25 per bushel.

—Sartoris and the late Miss Nellie are at present swinging 'round the circle, and Lt. Col. Fred. is meeting with great success as a wife hunter.

—The movement to fix the term of President at six years was renewed some weeks ago in Congress and 134 men, who expect to be President, voted yea and amen.

—A democratic paper in a lower county of the state announces to its readers "another substantial democratic victory"—it was the foreman of a fire company that was elected.

—General O. O. Howard has been proved guiltless, but because he was, and is, a christian gentleman, every newspaper in the country gave christianity a backhander over his shoulder.

—Look out for the great "Peace party" that is fermenting itself into shape all over the land. The kind of peace wanted is a piece of the loaves and fishes on the national bill of fare.

—Senator Brownlow's friends read the New York *Herald* to him everyday, and his mind is said to be gradually falling.—*Commercial.*

No wonder; anybody would lose his mind, if compelled to listen to all the *Herald* says everyday.

—The two fighting Governors of Arkansas, Messrs. Brooks and Baxter, are members of and pewholders in the same Methodist church in Little Rock. It would be interesting to hear them relate their respective experiences in class-meeting.—*Free Press.*

—In the United States House of Representatives, General Butler lately introduced a bill providing for "free banking and better security to despositors; to hinder usury, give elasticity to the currency, preserve its value to the people, and to prevent financial panic, by locking up the currency."

—Now comes the starting intelligence from the West End of London that the daughter of an English Lord has eloped with a young American. If England would only offer sufficient inducements to young Americans, she could get rid of her titled young ladies in short order. There is a growing hankering on this side of the ocean for nobility, no matter how dirty, dilapidated or attenuated.

—A Georgia paper advises all former slave owners to preserve a record, in the county clerk's offices, of their slaves, in anticipation of the time when the government will pay for the slaves freed by the war. Should the day ever come when Congress has a majority of men holding the views of the newly elected Senator from Connecticut, this claim will unquestionably be preferred, and in probability recognized.

—We notice that some Republican papers are inclined to hush up the James Watson Webb scandal. We are not to be included in the number. On the contrary, we are glad that the facts are out. One of the greatest vices of the times is the lack of conscience and a high sense of honor in a certain class of our public officials; and if soft words will not bring about reform, the people must see what vitue there is in severer methods. *Pittsburg Commercial.*

—The Republican party grew to be a mighty power in the land because it was grounded in political honor and righteousness. Giving a secondary rank to moral faithfulness will ultimately involve any party in failure and disgrace, as surely as there is a divine integrity that rules the world. The Republican party of the State and nation has placed itself squarely on record against the back-pay steal, and the time is at hand for the members of that party to show that they possess the courage of their convictions.

——An old batchellor, up town, lately made his little niece a present of a thousand dollars, and, shortly afterward erected a child's tombstone in front of his house. A beautiful emblem!

FARE REDUCED.

We have received a dispatch from L. P. Farmer, stating that Excursion tickets will be issued to Bellefonte, on Bald Eagle Valley, and Tyrone & Clearfield Branches, for the Annual Reunion of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps. Tickets to be procured at any of the ticket offices on the line of the road June 2nd, 3rd and 4th, good to return until the 6th prox. We also understand, that an effort is being made to secure special trains on the Bald Eagle R. R., Thursday night.

THE FALL ELECTIONS.

Although it is five months before the fall elections, yet the papers are beginning to announce candidates for the various offices within the gift of the people from the highest to the lowest. That there will be no lack of applicants for "fodder" from the public crib is quite plain, for there is a long list of self-denying individuals anxious to be the faithful servants of the people. We elect this fall for state officers, a Lieutenant Governor, a Secretary of Internal Affairs, an Auditor General and two Judges of the Supreme Court. The Secretary of Internal Affairs takes the place of the Surveyor General, and his term of office together with the Lieutenant Governor's, is for four years, the Auditor General for three years, and the Judges of the Supreme Court twenty years.

It is said by some that Olmstead has the inside track for Lieutenant Governor, General Beath for Secretary of Internal Affairs, and Baxter for Judge.

If we were asked to give a reason why we did not like the make up of this slate, we are not sure that we could give a good one, "*for they are all honorable men*"; but as regards one of them at least, we think a much better selection might be made. As for ourselves we have no friends of our own to urge against the will of the party, but we most earnestly desire this fall to see the very best men that can be found in the republican party, (which of course would be the very best minds in the state,) presented for the suffrage of the people.

There are some who profess to believe that the democrats are sure to make great gains. Such talk is all nonsense. Defeat can only come to the Republican party by the most foolish blundering, which we submit is not likely to occur. Put our best men in the field, and a glorious overwhelming victory is as certain as a decree pronounced by God himself; for the people are too well satisfied with the prosperity of our state, financially and otherwise, to desire a change in its political administration. We do not desire to be understood as being among those that believe, or profess to believe, that everything that is done by the leaders of the party is right. To err is human, and man is not entirely free from liability to mistakes. Our love for the Republican party has been festered and strengthened by its devotion to principle. There is an individual independence among the rank and file which commands our respect; a disposition to investigate so as to be able to judge for themselves as to the right or wrong in the great issues of the day; and when they see their leaders whom they followed with enthusiasm through many a hotly contested conflict, and who they have loved never so tenderly desert the principles of truth and justice, then the party deserts them, and that right speedily. It is this disposition on the part of the masses of the party to think for themselves, and hold their leaders to a strict accountability for the faithful performance of their stewardship, that has made the republican party the party of progress and reform. They are and have been as ready to call their own favorites to account for misdemeanors as to censure or condemn their opponants. It is this that has attracted to its fold the best men of the republic.

——There were a larger number of country people, and more four and six-horse teams in town on Saturday than we have seen for many a day.

DEFEAT OF THE CENTENNIAL BILL.

Several weeks ago a bill was introduced into the National House of Representatives, to appropriate three million of dollars in aid of an International Exposition, and was known as the Centennial bill, and was defeated by a decided majority. There is now little hope of getting any appropriation for that purpose, at least during the present session. The measure was strongly advocated by the deligation from this state and New Jersey, and by able men from various parts of the country. Even way down in Maine it found a very earnest and able exponent in the Hon. Wm. P. Frye, while Mr. Hale from the same state as strenuously opposed it. The speeches in favor of the bill, read very much like Fourth of July orations, full of sentimentality and emotional patriotism, and containing but a small quantum of argument. It was urged by some that the Government had fully committed itself to the international character of the celebration, and that to refuse to provide the necessary means would be a breach of plighted faith, and a display of the white feather, while others equally jealous of the nation's honor, claim that the Government is not committed, and that in all cases where Congress has been asked to recognize it for the purpose of giving it character, it has been expressly stipulated, that the General Government would not be called upon for a single dollar.

The leading opponents of the bill were Messrs. Daws, Garfield and Hale, all of whom, while admitting the importance of noticing the event in an appropriate manner, opposed the international feature, and all grants of money by Congress.

Mr. Hale in the course of his remarks referred to a promise, that as he said, was made by Senator Cameron two years ago, that this state would give $3,000,000, if necessary, to make the exhibition creditable, not only to Philadelphia and the state, but to the United States. The promise he further says, was not only that Pennsylvania would give her millions, but that Congress would not be asked for anything, and that the sole object in passing the act which recognized the exhibition was to give character to the enterprise. From this, he argued that Congress was not committed to the exhibition in any sense which called for the appropriation of money. Mr. Garfield took the ground that it was too soon after the Exposition at Vienna for another International Exposition, only three years intervening between them, while six years intervened between that and the preceding one, which was much too short a time. He thought if the attempt was made it would only end in failure, whether the appropriation asked for, was made or not. Of all the days of a century, the United States should not make a failure of the 4th of July, 1876.

Mr. Daws brought in his usual array of figures, and as figures cannot lie, we suppose we must admit that his position was impregnable. He said that last year $43,000 000 of the public debt was paid, but this year not a dollar. He denied that the faith of the nation was pledged. The proclamation to foreign countries respecting the Centennial, which had so alarmed gentlemen, did not contain a single invitation to be present. There was a pledge by the Government to those who held its obligations, to pay before the first of July next $29,100,000, but not a dollar could be paid. This financial argument no doubt had its effect in shaping the final action of Congress, which resulted in defeating the bill. We cannot resist the temptation just here, to digress a little from our subject. In looking over the array of facts and figures presented by Mr. Daws, and which seemed to be such a convincing argument to the majority of the representatives, we were forcibly impressed by another scene that occurred in the same place, and before, in most instances, the very same men, hardly more than a year ago. Facts and figures were then presented, and honest men pled earnestly against a useless outlay of money. They were warned that the people would hold them to strict accountability, but the warning fell upon deaf ears. The greed for money almost within their grasp, although to be dishonestly acquired, drowned the voice of prudence. Unlike the millions now asked for, the millions then in question was to go into the pockets of these *honorable gentlemen*; but this was not the sum total of their meanness. To tally with it, they passed an act, which, for contemptable littleness, has never been excelled, and put an embargo upon intelligence by taxing the country press. These men have become very virtuous of late. Ye God's! what faithful guardians of the public funds!

But to return to our subject. It was clearly shown, at least to the satisfaction of the majority, that the Government has not the money on hand to justify the appropriation of three million dollars at this time, to be the entering wedge for several times that amount.

But the fact that Congress declines to foot the bills, should not in itself be a discouraging circumstance; on the contrary, it should stimulate individual effort. The attention of those who take an interest in the matter, must now be turned to the development of other plans for raising the necessary funds. No doubt a large amount will be needed, but something besides money is required to make the exhibition a success. The popular heart must be stirred by appeals through the press and from the rostrum, and one million dollars raised by voluntary contributions from individuals and communities, will be worth three times that sum from the National treasury. The popular sympathy for the objects had in view, which will be excited by the efforts put forth in raising the means, will invest it with much more than its mere cash value. All are agreed that the event should be observed in a manner worthy of the American people. It commends itself to the pride and patriotism of every American citizen. There are differences of opinion respecting the international character of the exhibition, as advocated by some, but the failure of Congress to make the necessary appropriation would seem to settle that matter. If voluntary contributions alone are to be relied upon to defray the expenses, instead of being an International Exposition of Industry, it will be a home celebration in which our own achievements must be judged by themselves, and not by comparison with those of other nations. We still have two years in which to prepare for the important event, and much can be accomplished within that time. After all it is much better that the money should all be raised by contribution, as in that case, it will most of it come out of the pockets of the rich, and it seems to us very proper that they should foot the bill. Let all then go to work in earnest, and this defeat of the Centennial Bill by Congress will result in positive good to the enterprise.

THE GOVERNORSHIP OF ARKANSAS SETTLED.

The governorship of Arkansas is practically settled. Attorney General Williams, after having given the subject considerable study and thought, has given an elaborate opinion, in which he discusses all the questions involved in the case, that Baxter is the legal governor of the State. Acting upon this opinion, President Grant issued a proclamation recognizing the claims of Baxter, and ordering all mal-contents to disperse. Baxter and Brooks have each signed agreements to disband their troops, and the Legislature has taken possession of the State House. The commander of the regular troops at Little Rock has been ordered to recognize Baxter and deliver all the State arms in his possession. Capt. Rose at once complied, and has telegraphed to the President that all is quiet at Little Rock.

Judge McClure, Chief Justice of Arkansas, who is now in Washington, says that all the statements upon which Attorney General Williams predicted his opinion in the Brooks-Baxter case are false from the beginning to the end; and that the Courts of the State, including the Supreme Court, never had under adjudication the cases erroneously made up by Williams with regard to the present condition at Little Rock. A war of words may therefore continue for some time to come, and it is not impossible that the Courts may yet be obliged to settle the matter. If the interference of the government shall stop the further shedding of blood, a great point has been gained, and the interested parties can contest it in the Courts as long as they please. The Legislature has passed a bill for a constitutional convention to assemble on the 14th of July. The House declared all the offices vacant where the officials have not come forward and taken their places. All Brooks men will be sent home without molestation. Baxter's forces will be disbanded as rapidly as the public peace will justify.

SUPPOSED LOSS OF AN AFRICAN MAIL STEAMER AND ALL ON BOARD.

The London *Telegraph* of May 12, says: "There are grave reasons for fearing that the African mail steamer Liberia has been lost, with all her crew and passengers. The Liberia left Liverpool for Maderia and the west coast of Africa on the 11th of April, and should have reached Maderia by the 18th or 19th ult. A few days after the steamer left port the weather was very stormy, and heavy seas were reported in the Bay of Biscay, and to the west coast of England. Gloomy apprehensions arose out of the report of wreckage coming ashore near Brest, and those have been strenthened by tidings brought to Liverpool yesterday by the Volta, one of the same line of steamers, which has picked up casks and packages that were undoubtedly on board the Liberia, and which are known to have been stowed so low in the hold that they could only have got loose by a complete break up of the vessel. The finding of these debris has suggested the opinion that the vessel must have been lost through a collision."

OPINIONS OF THE VETO.

We copy thh following item of interest from a western paper. It seems to prove very clearly that neither party are united on the money question: The *Tribune* publishes replies received to circulars sent to the press of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska, asking how each stood on the President's veto of the currency bill. Summary shows that of 933 papers answering the circulars, 514 sustains the veto 401 oppose it, and eleven are non-committal. Of those sustaining the veto, 295 are Republicans, and 217 opposition; of those opposing the veto, 234 are Republicans, and 174 opposition. Indiana, Missouri and Kansas are the only States where a majority of papers oppose the veto.

CENTRE COUNTY S. S. ASSOCIATION.—The Sixth Annual convention, will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Spring Mills, June 2 and 3. The following is the order of exercises:

TUESDAY EVENING—Sermon by Rev. R. H. Fletcher, of Lock Haven. Subject: The Church at work in the Sabbath School.
WEDNESDAY FORENOON—1. Methods of S. S. Teaching. 2. The International Scripture Lessons. 3. Object Teaching Illustrations. 4. Annual Business.
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON—1. S. School Management. 2. The Library, S. S. Records, Discipline. 3. Reviews and Anniversaries.
WEDNESDAY EVENING—Sermon by Rev. [illegible] King, of Bellefonte. Subject: The Sabbath School [illegible] serving the Church.

Each School sends 2 delegates—one of them the Superintendent.

All delegates who expect to attend must forward their names to Peter Wilson, Esq., Spring Mills, Pa., ten days before the meeting.

On Wednesday, delegates will remain at the Church; families will provide a basket lunch. No tables.

☞ Pastors and Superintendents will please give two weeks' notice of the Convention.

JAMES A. BEAVER, Pres't.
R. Y. STITZER, Sec'y.
R. CRITTENDEN, Cor. Sec't'y.

REVOLUTIONARY ACT OF A BOROUGH OFFICIAL ELECT.—At the last meeting of the Town Council for the instatment of all officials elected at the last spring election, Nathan Beck refused to be sworn into the office of Assistant Burgess, to which he had been elected by a handsome majority. This action of Mr. Beck is highly deprecated by all. Failing health and onerous business cares were the reasons assigned for his non-acceptance.

——We have been waiting for months to record an accident by the falling of the foot walk adjoining the bridge over Spring Creek, near this office; but as some carpenters placed a few poles under it the other day we will have to wait a week or two longer.

STATE ITEMS.

—A calf born in Butler, the other day, has but three legs.

—A Wellsboro colt was born without fore-leg and is alive and doing well.

—A vein of magnetic iron ore has been found on the farm of Mr. Daniel Benner, near Gettysburg.

—It is proposed to consolidate the Conestoga Valley and the Delaware river and Lancaster railroad companies.

—The Honesdale Presbyterian church is one of the wealthiest in the State, having property to the amount of $100,000.

—Col. Abram Copelin, a leading member of the bar of Cambria county, died in Johnstown on the 20th inst., in his fiftieth year.

—Jacob M. Brubaker, of Clay township, Lancaster county, forged his father's name to notes amounting to about $4,000, and is now in jail.

—A Chester county man will not permit the killing of any snakes on his farm, asserting that they perform good service in exterminating moles and mice.

—An infant son of Charles Mayo of Erie, was scalded to death with boiling lye on the the 19th inst. The hot liquor was left standing in the yard, and the baby fell into it.

—David Hander, of Longswamp township Berks county, attempted to commit suicide on the 19th inst., and when his wife begged him to desist, he tried to murder her. He is insane.

—Mrs. John Hamnier died in Meadville on the 19th inst., from the effects of arsenic taken five days before. She had been married but one year. Intemperance was the cause.

—The Columbia Steel and Iron Company's works are to be repaired and put into operation as soon as possible, by the new proprietors, Maitland, Audenreid & Co., of Philadelphia.

—A barn was burned at Athens, on the 19th inst., and on the following day the remains of a man burned to a crisp were found in the ruins. Has there been another Ortwein-Hamnett affair?

—A little daughter of Benjamin Allison, of York, set her clothing on fire by playing with matches, and was burned to death. Her mother was badly burned while endeavoring to save her child.

—The Daughters of Temperance will hold a convention in Carlisle next week, commencing on the 27th and closing on the 30th inst., at which the Grand Lodge from Philadelphia will be present.

—By the fire at Williamsport on the 20th inst., 140 piles of lumber, belonging to Wooler-ton & Tinsman, containing 25,000,000 feet were destroyed. The loss is about $50,000, with insurance of $33,000.

—The Lehigh County Agricultural Society will hold its Twenty-third annual exhibition on the 29th and 30th days of September, and the 1st and 2d days of October, 1874, on its grounds in the city of Allentown.

—The Scranton *Republican* gives an account of the finding of the fossilized remains of a horse in a stone quarry, sixty feet below the earth's surface, in that city. The two workmen who made the discovery did not appreciate its value but blasted the stone wonder to pieces, and threw most of the pieces into the river. Just here an interesting query arises: As the men were sixty feet under ground, how the mischief could they throw these heavy blocks of stone into the river? And as the same paper lately told a very circumstantial story about the finding of a copper whistle imbedded in the centre of a great lump of coal, taken out at a depth of 150 feet below the surface of the ground, it may be well to take this last story *cum grano salis*

—The Connellsville *Courier* says: Nearly two months since, we made mention that H. J. Cooper, Esq., of this place, was lying at the point of death, with no hope of recovery. From that time until his death, on Saturday, he has been literally dying by inches from starvation, his disease, cancerous tumor of the outlet of the stomach, preventing the digestion of food. For over six weeks he took no sustenance of any consequence, and for twenty-four days nothing whatever passed his lips save one or two teaspoonfuls of milk and the same of water, each day. A singular feature of the case was the fact that while wasting slowly away by starvation, his sufferings were not intense, a dull pain in the stomach being the only sensation complained of. He retained his senses until the night before his death, and passed away without a struggle.

——A member of the Murdock Literary Society stepped into Beck's Tobacco store on Monday. He began to rehearse his speech on the next question for debate, became enthusiastic, gesticulated, got louder, struck his arm against the cigar lighter, it set fire to a string hanging from the ceiling, the flame mounted upward, caught the red, white and blue [illegible] ran along over twelve feet fly-paper, [illegible] same. Murdock was aghast square of the [illegible] into the show-case in itated, jumped [illegible] extinguish it with, hunt of something to [illegible] Hundreds of he extinguished the case. [illegible] the fly-people rushed to the rescue, [illegible] period paper was demolished, the last [illegible] had been put upon it and peace again reigned in Warsaw; but the insurance agent who called around soon after, said that the policy would be forfeited if any more Murdocks were allowed to rehearse in that tobacco store.

——Last week, the grand jury of Clinton County returned *ignoramus* the bill charging George K. Tozer, with altering a medical prescription whereby the wife of J. C. Brown, of Lock Haven was said to have been poisoned. We are heartily glad that Mr. Tozer's innocence has been proved.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, May 27, 1874

Poetry.

TO ARMS!

Affectionately Dedicated to my Sisters of the Temperance Army.

BY MARY E. ERWIN.

'To arms! to arms!' tis the clarion cry.
'To arms!' and the echo makes swift reply;
It falls with a wail on our startled ears,
With an undertone of sighs and tears.
'To arms!' it comes from the brave southwest,
It flies over lake and river's breast;
'To arms!' it sings in the southern rills,
And is caught afar by our northern hills.
'To arms!' 'to arms!' and on wings of fire,
It flashes along the electric wire;
On, on, o'er the millioned mart it floats,
And is given again from a thousand throats,
'To arms!' for the pulpit and choir and pew,
The strain prolong, the shout renew,
Till a wakened world is up to see
What meaneth this menace at *'liberty.'*
'To arms!' but ye see no civic horde,
No glitter of gun, no flash of sword.
No mustering enginery of war,
No battle cloud in the blue afar;
But there is the cloud of a WOMAN'S *hand,*
Its pulse is thrilling through all the land,
The arm behind it is staunch and true,
And woman's heart beats through it too,
And it meneath more to the sons of men
Than battle or bullet, or press, or pen,
It means that woman hath suffered long
'Neath the iron heel of a bitter wrong.
It means that her strug'ling hands are tied,
Her tears, her prayers, her pleas denied,
And that with only a bated breath,
She must watch her darlings go down to death.
It means that woman has waited long
For the vaunted valor and 'arm so strong,
For the pride and power of man to come
And chain the demon that blights her home.
It means that her trust in the 'arm of flesh'
Has been but a snare with a gilded mesh;
That her heart is wrenched to its utmost pain,
That her soul is sick o'er her idols slain,
And she turns at last for her redress
To Him who is throned in Righteousness.
The 'sword of the spirit' is her might.
Prayer keeps her heavenly armor bright,
While songs of praise, like incense rise
In choral columns to the skies.
No depth of snow can stay her feet,
No howling storm, no wrathful sleet,
But on, to the fray, they come, they come,
From lowly cot, from lordly home;
The rich, the poor, the high, the low,
Face side by side the common foe;
Ignored are station, birth and blood
By Faith's unfaltering sisterhood.
And not for self, this war is waged,
No thought of self, is here engaged,
Save, love is selfish of its own,
Of husband, father, brother, son,
And dares the world if it may save
It's darling from the drunkard's grave.
'To arms!' and the cry is caught afar,
For there comes no hush to this holy war
Till the wide world catches the battle cry,
And presses on the victory.
To the rallied ranks youth takes its way,
With the feeble form of the old and gray;
There are faces bright, and faces fair,
And faces blanched with woe are there
At the morning dawn, at the glare of noon,
'Neath the twilight dim 'neath the midnight moon,
They sing and plead and pray before
The gilded bar and the guarded door.
The foe is losing his giant strength,
Is learning at last his limits, length,
And sues for 'peace' at the gentle hands
Whose terms of surrender he understands;
While out on the street, 'thro' the blushing snow.
The wales of the prisoned prisoner flow,
Till woman smiles through her gushing tears,
Till manly throats are hoarse with cheers,
Till the bells rejoice in the old church towers
That there *is* a God in this world of ours,
'Praise Him from whom all blessings flow!'
'Praise Him all creatures here below!'
'Praise Him above ye Heavenly Host!'
'Praise Father, Son, and Holy Ghost!'

"LOVE LIGHTENS LABOR."

A good wife rose from her bed once more,
And thought with a nervous dread
Of the piles of clothes to be washed, and more
Than a dozen mouths to be fed.
There were the meals to get for the men in the field,
And the children to fix away
To school, and the milk to be skimmed and churned,
And all to be done that day!

It had rained in the night, and all the wood
Was as wet as wet could be;
There were puddings and pies to make, besides
A loaf of cake for tea.
And the day was hot, and her aching head
Throbbed wearily as she said,
"If maidens knew what good wives know.
They would be in no haste to wed!"

"Jennie, what do you think I told Ben Brown?"
Called the farmer from the well;
And a flush crept up to his bronzed brow,
As his eyes half bashfully fell.
"It was this," he said, and coming near,
He smiled—and, stopping down,
Kissed her cheek—"It was this, that you were the best
And the dearest wife in town!"

The farmer went to the field, and the wife
In a smiling and absent way,
Sang snatches of tender little songs
She'd not sung for many a day;
And the pain in her head was gone, and the clothes
Were white as the foam of the sea.
Her bread was light, and her butter was sweet,
And as golden as it could be.

"Just think," the children all called in a breath,
"Tom Wood has run off to sea!
He wouldn't, I know, if he only had
As happy a home as we."
The night came down, and the good wife smiled:
To herself she softly said,
"'Tis so sweet to labor for those we love,
It isn't strange that maidens will wed!"

Our Story Teller.

A GHOST IN COURT.

Its Evidence Gives a Woman her Property.

In December, 1871, one Sylvester Sudler, a farmer estimated to be worth $150,000, and residing in Poplar Island Creek Neck, in the Second Election District of Queen Anne's, Md., where he had a very large farm and a handsome residence, was taken very sick with pneumonia. After a few days severe illness he improved and became convalescent, but exposing himself too soon, had a relapse, and on the 19th of January, died. In the interval of convalescence between the two attacks of illness Sylvester Sudler sent for his brother, Emory J. Sudler, a lawyer living upon Kent Island (a part of Queen Anne's county) and got him to write his will. This was duly executed in the presence of three witnesses on the 13th of January, and delivered into the custody of Emory J. Sudler, who was understood to be named the executor. On the 15th Emory Sudler went home, and did not return to Poplar Island Creek Neck until the 21st of January, when he was summoned to be present at his brother's funeral, which took place in Centreville the next day.

On the 23d of January, Emory J. Sudler, by request, read the will in presence of two of the witnesses, Rev. John Fleming and Mrs. Hannah Edwards, and the widow, Mrs. Mary Ann Sudler, and the only child of Sylvester Sudler, Emory J. Sudler, Jr., a boy of twelve years. The will, after naming Emory J. Sudler, Sr., sole executor, and devising some small sums in the shape of legacies, gave directions that the real estate should be sold, and out of the proceeds $500 should be paid to Mary Ann Sudler, while all the rest of the estate should become the property the decedent's brother, Emory J. Sudler, whom he recognized as his universal and only heir.

The widow and both of the witnesses present declared that the document read was not the will of Sylvester Sudler. The executor insisted that it was, and defied Mrs. Edwards and Rev. Mr. Fleming to deny their signatures. He said he could prove the will, and if it was disputed he could show the court the reasons why his brother Sylvester had made such a devise of his property. He gave notice also that he would on the next day apply to the Orphans' Court at Centreville for probate of the will.

This he did; but the widow, appealing likewise, entered a caveat on her own part, and as the next friend of her son, Emory Sudler, Jr. The court appointed a day to hear testimony in regard to the will, and on that day all three of the witnesses to the will were present, together with the parties interested. Mr. Matthew B. Merrit, the third witness, swore positively to his own signature and to have seen the other witnesses sign. He indentified the document by its shape, the envelope containing it, a water-mark in the paper, and an ink blot upon one corner of the folded sheet. Mrs. Edwards could not swear that it was not her signature to the paper, but was not willing to swear that it was. She had been in the house during all of Mr. Sylvester Sudler's illness, helping his wife to nurse him, and had repeatedly heard decedent declare that he had left all his property (except certain legacies which she named, and which were in accordance with the terms of the will read) to his wife and child. The will after it was written and before being executed, had been for two days in the custody of the deceased. He had kept it under his pillow; had read it himself; had made her read it to him, and had got the Rev. Mr. Fleming to read it to him also. Hence she was able to speak so positively as to its contents.

The Rev. John Fleming corroborated Mrs. Edwards statement, and testified further that before sending for his brother, Mr. Sylvester Sudler had mentioned to him how he intended to leave his property, and consulted him about giving the administration to Emory. Emory, he said, was a little wild, and he was afraid that giving him such a trust might lead to trouble. Still it would be a great help to his brother to have the business, and he wanted to assist Emory if he could. This Mr. Fleming strongly advised him to do, and Emory was accordingly sent for at once. Still Mr. Fleming was not willing to deny that that was the document he had witnessed and his signature appended to it.

Dr. James Potter, the family physician, testified that the decedent had repeatedly told him during his illness, that he had left all his property to his wife and son.

On the other hand, Emory Sudler pointed to the fact that none of the three witnesses were able to dispute their signatures, and he demanded that the will be at once admitted to probate. He said that he was quite aware that his brother Sylvester had made statements in regard to his testamentary intentions that were at variance with his testamentary act, and further stated that he had written the copy of the form testified to by Mrs. Edwards and Rev. Mr. Fleming, at his brother's request, and for the purpose of deceiving. There was a reason for all this, and for the peculiar character of his brother's will; but his brother had told him this in confidence, and he was very reluctant to expose family secrets to the public graze. The widow was quite well aware of what he meant, but he would not publish it unless it was absolutely necessary to the establishing of his rights, and unless the court compelled him to speak. The widow peremptorily denied that she understood the caveatee's insinuations, and defied him to reveal any family secrets that would be damaging to any person besides himself. The court thought that it could not decide upon the validity of the will until it had sifted the matter to the bottom, but, in deference to Mr. Sudler's reluctance to testify, adjourned over for a week, holding the question under advisement.

When the court next met it announced that Mr. Emory J. Sudler's further testimony was necessary to determine its action in regard to the probate. Mr. Sudler was accordingly again put upon the stand, and testified that in a private interview with his brother Sylvester preliminary to drawing the will Sylvester told him that he had known for several years that his wife was an unchaste woman, had been unfaithful to him, and that the child, Emory J. Sudler, Jr., was not his but an outcast. He knew this, but only by negro testimony, and so indirectly and obscurely that he could not have procured a divorce. He had accordingly said nothing, and taken no steps for a separation. He was much older than his wife, used to her, and considerably under her influence; in short, she controlled him, and he could not get along well without her. Still, in coming to die, he could not bring himself to perpetuate a wrong, nor forget her infidelity, nor leave his property to illegitimate aliens. He accordingly dictated the will produced in court, and to avoid recrimination and (so he said) to keep from being prisoned, had at the same time got his brother to prepare the fictitious will of which mention has been made. 'Where is that will?' asked the Chief Judge. Mr. Sudler produced it. In appearance it was a fac simile of the executed will.

Mrs. Mary Ann Sudler repelled Mr. Emory J. Sudler's statement with much indignation, and her counsel announced in court that she would take immediate steps to vindicate her reputation and punish her husband's brother for his foul aspersions by suing him for slander. The judges of the Orphans' Court, however, while regretting the turn things had taken, announced that they were determined to admit the will presented by Emory J. Sudler to probate, and directed that gentleman to have his bound ready for next court day.

The widow at once appealed, went into the Circuit Court and got an injunction, brought a civil suit against Emory J. Sudler for slander, and tried to have him indicted for slander and perjury both. Now ensued a succession of legal proceedings of a very bewildering sort—the executor trying to force the matter to a settlement, and the widow's counsel resorting to all sorts of dilatory steps. On the 19th of January, 1873, however, one year precisely from the day of Sylvester Sudler's death, it was announced that the widow had actually discovered the will which she all along claimed her husband had executed, and discovered it in the most singular, not to say miraculous manner. Now there was a change in the spirit of the proceedings. The caveators ceased their dilatory motions and pressed for trial while the executor employed all the means in his power to secure the law's delay. Last November, however, the counsel on both sides came to an arrangement by which the issue might be definitely tried.

Monday week, March 3, the case was called and the parties were ready for trial. Judges Wickes and Stump were both present, and the Chief Judge John M. Robinson came over from the Court of Appeals and Annapolis expressly to preside, so that we had a full bench. Both parties were presented by the most eminent lawyers practicing on the Eastern shore, while the cavaetee headed his array with John Sturgis Mackline, of Washington County, who stands at the head of Chancery practitioners in this State, and is not unknown in national politics. The court room was crowded with spectators, a great many persons having come over from Queen Anne's and Kent Counties, where the parties have many friends and relatives, and where the case has excited the liveliest interest.

The first two days of the trial were chiefly consumed in preliminaries, legal skirmishing and the like, and did not furnish much matter of interest. But on Wednesday at the opening of the Court the issue was squarely joined by the caveators presenting in Court the will claimed to have been found January 19th, 1873, and offering to prove it as the actual and only last will and testament of Sylvester Sudler. The will admitted to probate was called for, and also the unexecuted and factitious will, and all three placed side by side. There was a remarkable similarity in the appearance of the three documents, which were all written upon eyeleted legal cap of a very large size. A stationer in Centreville testified that he had sold a quire of this paper to Rev. Mr. Fleming for Mr. Sylvester Sudler some time about Ceristmas, 1871, and Mr. Fleming produced the quire of paper, which he said he had got from Mr. Sudler's writing desk shortly after his death, and preserved by advice of counsel. There were three sheets wanting from the quire.

Mrs. Edwards was now put upon the stand and handed two wills so folded that she could only see her own signature as witness. Comparing the two most carefully, the witness, after long hesitating, burst into tears and protested she did not know and could not tell which was her writing. All that she could swear to was the fact that she had only signed one will. She gave further testimony to the facts that I have recorded above and then stood aside. Rev. Mr. Fleming was the next witness. Carefully scrutinizing the two signatures, the reverend gentleman declared that viewing them separately and apart he would not be able to decide which was his handwriting and which the forgery, but when they were side by side he had no hesitation. 'That is my handwriting,' said he, touching one of the sheets, and the other undoubtely is not.' There was a marked sensation in Court when it was announced that the signature thus indentified was that appended to the last discovered will. Mr. Mackline cross examined the witness with great acuteness and severity, but could not make him swerve from his testimony nor invalidate the positiveness of his identification of the signature.

Mr. Matthew Merritt next came to the stand. This witness had been overseer for the late Sylvester Sudler, and was now in Emory J. Sudler's employ. After a brief inspection of the two signatures he positively identified one as his own, and it was found to be that subscribed to the will admitted to probate. It was now the cavatee's time to exult, but Mr. Pearce, of counsel for caveators, a very shrewd young lawyer, took the two wills, and after scrutinizing them carefully, suddenly held them before Merritt's eyes 'Now,' he cried, 'now, Mr. confident witness, let me see if you know your signiture so certainly now.' The witness hesitated, stammered, and showed confusion. 'Your Honors,' said Mr Pearce, turning to the Court, 'the confusion of the witness grows out of the fact that there is a private mark upon one of these wills, but I happen to have my thumb upon it just now. Mr. Merritt, will you tell the Court which is your signature?' 'I declare to gracious I don't know, Mr. Pearce,' was Merritt's frank admission; 'they are so much alike I can't tell which from t'other, and if I swore to both I'd be telling a lie.' 'I do not feel sure about that,' retorted Pearce, quickly; 'maybe you wrote both.' The shot told. Merritt looked at Emory Suddler, grew red in the face, and said nothing. 'How came you to be so positive about it at first? Did you not see that pencil mark on the margin?' persisted Pearce. But Merritt denied that he had seen any mark, and could not be made to commit himself in any way. On cross-examination by Mr. Mackline he said that Mr. Pearce's manner had confused him, and he satisfactorily identified his signature to the first will several times.

Thursday's and a great part of Friday's sessions were consumed in hearing 'experts' testimony in regard to the handwriting of Sylvester and Emory J. Sudler, and the three witnesses, the caveators endeavoring to prove that the will of 1873 was certainly in Emory J. Sudler's handwriting, and the signatures to the probated will forgeries, while the caveatee, on the other hand, sought to show that the signatures to the will in his favor were genuine, while the will of 1873 was a forgery, both text and signature. The testimony was so much divided and so contrarious upon these points that neither party took much by it, and little else resulted from it but confusion to the jury and weariness to the Court. 'The Court will say to its learned brothers,' said Chief Judge Robinson at last, somewhat testily, 'that with all due admiration for the ingenuity of counsel, so abundently displayed on each side, this issue must be deemed chiefly a question of fact, and however much you may attempt to puzzle the jury with a showing of what might be, they are likely to determine by what is. Cannot you give us the facts about the discovery of these wills? How did they come about? That will be a great way towards settling the question of their genuineness.'

'I quite agree with your Honor,' said Mr. Mackline, 'and I hope you will compel the other side to show a *raison d'etre* for their so-called will—if they can.' 'We accept this issue, your Honor,' answered Pearce, 'and will now proceed to give the strange history of the discovery of our will, showing how—shall I say Providence? interfered in a mysterious manner to defend the rightful heir against the wily plots of the conspirator and calumniator.' *'Nec deus interest nisi dignus vindice nodus,'* quoted Mr. Mackline; 'our will came in the natural way and is neither of celestial birth nor spiritual growth. 'We admit all that, your Honor; we admit that the probated will never passed from Mr. Emory Sudler's hands until it went into those of the register of wills. But we will now give the history of the genuine will. Call Betsy Jane Jaskson.' The witness, a portly colored woman, took the stand and testified she was chamber-maid in Mr. Sylvester Sudler's house at the time of his death. 'What room did Mr Emory Sudley occupy when he was there?' 'The blue room.' The witness gave a sort of description of a country house chamber, with blue curtains on the windows, a blue and red carpet on the floor, a high post mahogony bedstead, and a writing table, etc. 'What was over the dressing bureau?' 'A looking glass.' 'What was above the looking glass?' 'A picture in a black, wooden frame.' 'What was the picture?' King Solomon going to have the babies chopped in two.' 'The judgement of Solomon, eh? That will do.' Mrs. Edwards was called and described the room and picture more fully still. Rev. Mr. Fleming was called again, and Mr Pearce handed him the will of 1873 and asked him if he had ever seen that paper before. He had. 'How do you recognize it?' 'By a private mark I put on it when I found it.' 'State when, where, and how you found it.' 'On January 19, 1873, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon, in the blue room of the late Sylvester Sudler's place, in the back of a picture representing the judgement of Solomon. Mrs. Sudler, Mrs. Edwards, and Betsy Jackson were all three present.' 'What made you look there?' 'I had received certain information——'

'Stop there,' cried Mr. Pearce; 'call Amanda Stinson.' The witness, a tall, middle-aged woman, with a fierce red head, a freckled face and a mouth stained with snuff 'dripping' innumerable, took the stand and gazed wildly about her. By dint of close questioning she managed to convey the information that she lived across the creek from Mr Sylvester Sudler's; that her boy Kite caught oysters and she shucked them for a living. Her boy Kite wasn't exactly right, but was the best creeter in the world, and would not tell a lie for nothing. He was eighteen years old, but had no schooling. She was troubled on account of Kite's saying several times he had seen old Mr Sudler's sperrit, for she had taken it to be a sign Kite wasn't going to live long and so she up and asked Mr. John Fleming about it, and begged him to see the boy, and pray with him. She had heard praying was good for sperrit-seeing. 'What do you mean by Mr Sudler's spirit?' 'I mean seeing his ghost like after he is dead.' 'Has Kite seen Mr Sudler since his death?' 'He says he has many times, and Kite wouldn't tell a lie, for nothing.' Did Kite ever go to Mr Sudler's house when the old gentleman was alive?' 'Sometimes—took oysters there to sell.' 'Was he ever up stairs in the house, do you know?'

"Who? Kite? Bless you, he never went nowheres but to the kitchen, never!" "Call Kite Stinson," said Mr. Pearce, and the court room was agog with excitement as the ghost-seer came to the stand. He was a tall, bony youth, with very long arms, and a decided stoop in the shoulders. His hair was a straight faded yellow, his eyes pale blue and staring, and his skin tanned and freckled to the hue of beach sand. After a little sparring among the lawyers as to his competency as a witness, Kite was sworn. He stood with his great bony hands resting on the crier's desk, his wrists half a yard below the sleeves of his threadbare linsey jacket—a very odd-looking, unsophisticated fellow. It had got towards evening, the court-room was growing dusky, and the eager silence that prevailed made the scene impressive.

"That's a very strange story you told Parson Fleming, Kite; what did you mean?" "'Twarn't the least bit of a story about it, sir, but all as true as preachin'," insisted Kite. "I've seed the old gentleman nigh on to a dozen times." "Seen who?" "Old Mr. Sudler; him what's gone." "Seen him when?" "Since his death." "Seen him where?" "No end o' places. Out fishin', in the bow of my cunner (canoe), nights when I was goin' to sleep, daytime at work. Lor', a dozen and more times. I seed him onst settin' on the fence when I was at the wood pile a choppin' wood." "Did he say much to you?" "Nary a word, only nodded and beckoned kinder, you know." "Wern't you very much afraid of him?" "No. He never did me no harm. He used to give me many a ten cent note." "What, the ghost did?" "No, that was when he was alive." "Did you ever touch him or he you?" "Never but onst; that was the time I telled Parson Fleming about." "Well, suppose you tell those gentlemen about it, Kite."

"Well, I will. You see I was at the oyster pile one afternoon a shuckin' away for dear life, 'case it was cold and the wind was blowin' sharp, and I wanted to git done. Then I see him, standin' right front o' me, noddin' and beckonin' to me at a great rate. So I says to him, t'aint no use to bother me now, I'm busy. Then he kinder frowned and keeped on noddin'. But I only shuck my head and went on shuckin'. Then the first thing I knowed he was standin' right over me and puttin' his hand on the check handkercher I had round my neck—here's the handkercher now, gentlemen—and the hand burnt into me like fire. So I kinder fell forred-like on to the oyster pile and dozed off for a minute into a dream-like, and what I dreamt was this, gentlemen: I was in kind of a strange room [here the witness gave a graphic description of the blue room] and I seed a tall man thar settin' writin' at a table, and he got up and folded the paper this way like, and took a picture down from the wall [here he described the picture of the "Judgment of Solomon"] and took some boards outen the back and put the paper in thar, tacked the boards on agin, and hung the picture up the same as it was before. Then I didn't see no more, but waked up, and found I was layin' on the oyster pile, sprawled out. ["Epilepsy," said Mr. Mackline, sotto voice.] So I picked up my knife and went to shuckin', for I was cold and shivery and wanted to git done. And, gentlemen; true as gospel, when I tuck off the check handkercher from my neck that night this here hole was burnt into it just like the print of a red-hot hand."

The court-room was intensely silent as Kite handed Mr. Pearce the handkerchief, and Mr. Pearce passed it to the jury.

"Well, Kite, have you ever seen that tall man since whom you saw in your dream?" 'No, sir.' 'Would you know him, do you think, if you saw him now?' 'I dunno, indeed sir.' 'Well, look very carefully around the court-room, and tell me if you see him now.'

There was a breathless silence as Kite went methodically about his task, craning his long neck and peering around him in the gathering twilight. Suddenly he lifted his bony hand, and held it out at' arm's length, pointing with forefinger towards Mr. Emory Sudler. 'Yon's a man that—' he began, then cried quickly, breathlessly, 'That's him! that's him!—And the old one's behind him! I see him point—he's frowning black—he's—look out—he'll strike you down!' The whole court-room rose in excitement, all except Emory Sudler, who fell in a dead faint, and Kite, who, crying, 'he's gone!' crouched and hid his eyes shudderingly.

Judge Robinson adjourned the Court at once. Next morning Emory Sudler was missing, and Matthew Merritt came into Court and confessed his share in the conspiracy. Testimony was taken for two days longer, both to show what Emory Sudler's character was, and to prove the affectionate relation that had existed between Sylvester Sudler and his wife. Then the case was given to the jury, who had already agreed upon their verdict from the moment of Kite Stinson's dramatic testimony, and the opportune appearance of the ghost in the court room.

Romance in the Cars.

'I was escorting home the lovely Charlotte——, to whom I was at the time devoted. Charlotte could scarcely find room to spread her crinoline flounces, I stood up near her, there being no vacant seat.

'After a few minutes, came in a poor woman, who deposited a basket of clothes on the front platform, and held in her arms a small child, while a little girl hung to her dress. She looked tired and weary, but there was no vacant seat; to be sure Charlotte might have contracted her flounces, but she did not. Beside, her, however, set a very lovely and elegant young woman, who seemed trying, by moving down closer the others, to make space enough for the stranger between herself and Miss D. At last she succeeded, and with the sweetest blush I ever saw, she invited the poor female to be seated. Charlotte D. drew her drapery around her and blushed, too, but it was not a pretty blush at all, and she looked annoyed at the proximity of the new comer, who was, however, clean and decently though thinly clad.

'The unknown lady drew the little girl upon her lap, and wrapped her velvet mantle around the small, halfclad form, and put her muff over the half frozen little hands.

'So great was the crowd that I alone seemed to observe. The child shivered; the keen wind from the door blew on her unprotected neck. I saw the young lady quietly draw from under her mantle a little woolen shawl, which she softly put on the shoulders of the little one; the mother looked on in confused wonder. After a short time she arose to leave the cars, but the unknown gently whispered, 'no, keep it for her.' The woman did not answer, the conductor hurried her out, but her eyes swam with tears. I noticed her as she descended to a basement, and I hastely remarked the house.

'Soon after, my unknown rose to depart. I was in despair, for I wanted to follow and discover her residence, but could not leave Miss D.

'How glad, then, I was to see her bowing, as she passed out, to a mutual acquaintance who stood in the door way. From him, ere many minutes, I learned her name and address.

'To shorten the story as much as possible, that lady is now my wife. In the small incident which introduced her to me, she showed her real character. A few days after our marriage I showed the blessed crimson shawl, which I redeemed from its owner, and shall keep as a memento. There are sometimes pleasant things to be found in unexpected places; certainly I may be said to have picked out my wife on the cars.'—*Baltimore Review.*

A Clergyman Ruined by Rum.

The Rev. J. J. Talbott, once an Episcopal clergyman, then a victim of intemperance, and expelled from his diocease, but now reformed, lectured at Terre Haute recently. We extract the following from his address:

"Though the words choke me, I am here to-night to say that every experience of my life is that wine is a mocker, and that nothing is proof against the seductive siren. The mightiest and greatest intellects of the world are blasted by her stratagems. It found me in the ranks of those who press to battle for the right. I stood up nobly and freely and my soul knew no burden. But the destroyer came, clothed in the splendor of the sunlight—in beauty that bewildered my senses and polluted my soul.

"But you ask me how this ruin was wrought. First, by prescribed stimuants. Then, in that infernal delusion that moderate drinking was beneficial, came the habit of drinking wine at joyous occasions. I kept on; I fell; I laid aside the habilliments of Him who did only good, and wandered forth at the bidding of my own spell-bound will. I tell you once put on the chains of strong drink and you may flee to the uttermost part of the earth as I did and the anger of God will follow you.

I came home after years of wandering. At last the demon of delirium seized me, and the serpent of the still feasted on my quivering flesh.

"For five days and nights I lay at the gates of hell. But He was pleased to drag me forth from the presence of the ghosts with whom I held such awful converse. I can now survey the field and measure the losses. The prime of my life was wasted. I had a high office and an unspotted character. This demon of wine dragged me down, and the drunkard's life was mine. I had means, but my riches fled. I had a beautiful home, but the demon entered, and the light faded from its halls. I had beautiful children, but this monster took their dimpled hands in his, and led them to the grave.

"I had a wife whom to know was to love. To-night she sits in misery, while I wander restless over the earth. I had a mother whose chief pride was my life, but the thunder-bolt struck her too. Years of work in the cause of the right may give back to these arms my loving wife. But, oh! what joy when I clasp in another world, the hand of my mother. And thus I stood, and thus I stand to-day, a husband without a wife, a father without a child—all swallowed up in the fearful mealstrom of drink.

"I stand with scarce a friend on earth. Go, drink of that bitter cup, and then ask me if I can paint in too high colors the picture of my despair—ask me if I hate the agent of my ruin. Hate it! I hate the whole damning traffic. I would to God that every distillery in this nation were in flames. I would write on the glowing sky in letters black as their smoke: Woe, woe to him that putteth the bottle to his neighbor's lips."

Confidence of Cattle.

A Massachusetts farmer says: 'My cattle will follow me until I leave the lot, and in the way up to the barn-yard in the evening, stop and call for a lock of hay.' Smithson says there is nothing at all remarkable about that. He went into a barn-yard in the country one day last week, where he had not the slightest acquaintance with the cattle, and an old bull not only followed him until he left the lot, but took the gate off the hinges and raced with him to the house in the most familiar way possible. Smithson says he has no doubt that the old fellow would have called for something if he had waited a little while, but he didn't want to keep the folks waiting for dinner, so he hung one tail of his coat and a piece of his pants on the bull's horns and went into the house.

A WESTERN paper thus tells the story of a true hero: 'A man, aged fifty-three, lost his feet twenty-eight years ago, being then with his family in Western Iowa, learned to ride a pony without a saddle, hunted, sold pelts, and supported himself and family. Five years ago he pre-empted 160 acres of land Jewell county, Kansas, and has now one of the best farms in the county. Last fall he put in the one hundred acres of winter wheat, riding a sulky plow, and doing all the work himself. His farm is well stocked, and his wife and seven children are happy.

A LADY of Washington county, New York, is the mother of a large family of children, and they are all rather diminutive. A few days after the birth of the youngest, a little niece of the lady called to see the baby. After looking at the tiny specimen for a few minutes, the little girl said: 'Aunt Maria, don't you think it would be better to have less of them, and have 'em a little bigger?'

HERE is a droll epitaph: Mrs McFarran has gone from this life; she has left all its sorrows and cares; she caught the rheumatism in both of her legs while scrubbing the cellar and stairs. They put mustard plasters upon her in vain, they bathed her in whiskey and rum; but Thursday her spirit departed and left her body numb.

TAILORING seems to be a peculiarly honored craft in Tennessee. First a President, and now Mayor Knoxville. His name is Peter Staub, of Switzerland, whose handiwork with the goose and needle has gained him a fortune. He is a personal friend of Andy Johnson.

IN all ages and in all nations, no matter how varying or imperfect the nature of religion may have been, and no matter how it may have been interpolated by mistakes, the tendency to pray, and to lean on a superior power has been a natural tendency.

A CHRISTIAN is as much indebted to his enemies as to his friends. The malicious crucifixion of Christ wrought out the glorious exaltation of Christ, The worst that men do against believers is the best they can do for believers.

EVEN the high dome and the expensive interior of a cathedral have a sensible effect upon manners. I have heard that stiff people loose some of their awkwardness under high ceilings.

THIS is the latest way of putting it in towns where the crusading business is carried on:

Mother may I go out to sing?
Yes, my darling daughter:
Pray for those wicked sellers of gin
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FOR SALE.--A two story frame store room, 20 by 38 feet, situated on the point of pike and mill street, in the borough of Milesburgh. Formley owned by W. H. Cook now occupied by J. B. Hahn. For terms of sale call on J. W. Cook, Merchant at Bellefonte. 5-41-tf MRS. M. J. LEVAN.

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Impurities of the Blood,

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, May 27, 1874

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,.....Proprietors

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...Editor
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....Publisher.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

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Bellefonte, Pa

BRILLIANT WEDDING AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The President's Daughter Married and Gone.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The absorbing event of to-day is the marriage of Miss Grant to Mr. Sartoris, which took place this morning at eleven o'clock, in the East Room of the Executive Mansion, Rev. Dr. Tiffany, of the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal church, officiating.

The bride wore a white satin dress elaborately trimmed, with a point lace tulle veil, and her hair was adorned with orange blossoms. The dress of the groom was in the latest style, with the conventional white necktie.

The Bridesmaids were Misses Barnes, Fish, Drexel, Dent, Porter, Conkling, Sherman and Frelinghuysen. They were dressed in white corded silk, covered with white illusion, with puffs and pleatings, caught up with flowers. Their sashes were of the same material as the dresses. Four of the ladies were distinguished by pink roses, and the other four by blue flowers.

All things being in readiness, Rev. Dr. Tiffany proceeded with the ceremony according to the form of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Every one preserved a marked silence and listened attentively to every word, while closely watching the manner and countenances of the bridal pair.

The ceremony over, the minister was the first to kiss the bride. She immediately turned to her father, who embraced and kissed her. Then her mother approached and kissed her daughter, as did also the brothers of the bride and numerous relations and female friends. The new-made husband enjoyed his share of hand-shaking and orally-expressed congratulations, the band meanwhile playing the Wedding March.

Less than two hundred persons were present, including the Justices of the Supreme Court, members of the Cabinet, Senators Frelinghuysen, Carpenter, Cameron, Conkling and Logan, Vice President Wilson, Speaker Blaine, Gen. Sherman, Admiral Porter, Commander Ammer, George W. Childs, A. J. Drexel, Judge Pierpont, Generals Arthur, Porter and Babcock, and Sir Edward and Lady Thornton. The officers of the navy and army appeared in uniform. The persons above named were accompanied by the ladies of their respective families.

After the congratulations were over, the company, to the sound of music, proceeded to the library in the second story of the mansion, where, on a series of tables, were displayed the elegant presents to the bride, the names of the donors being attached to all articles. Among the most costly gifts were a dessert set of eighty-four silver pieces, by George W. Childs; a complete silver dinner service by A. J. Drexel, of Philadelphia, the combined value of them being probably $4,500; by Secretary Fish, a large silver trankard; General and Mrs. Sharpe, of New York, a ring, with a stene cameo, set with diamonds; Postmaster General Creswell a very handsome silver ice cream service; ex-Senator Cattell, a diamond ring of five stones; L. H. Morton, of New York, an emerald and diamond ring, the two rings being probably worth $1,000 each; Secretary Robeson, a toilet set, side pieces of brass, elaborately finished, of the style of Louis XIV.; N. T. Hart of New York, the largest size lace handkerchief, such as sell for five hundred dollars; Gen. Babcock, an elegant valenciennes lace fan with smoked pearl frame, with the monogram of the bride in gold. Mr. Sartoris presented to his wife a large collection of flowers. The present of the father of the bride is $10,000. All the immediate members of the President's family give handsome presents. The presents were arranged and classified by George A. Barnford, of the house of Bailey & Co., Philadelphia, who came hither for that special purpose. They will all be sent to New York by express and placed on board the Baltic, in which Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris have passage for England, to depart Saturday next.

The company partook of a wedding breakfast elegantly prepared. The bill of far was printed on white satin, and stated that the breakfast was from the President and Mrs. Grant in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris, All the bridesmaids were presented with handsome bouquets. Little boxes, lined with white silk and containing wedding cake, were brought away by the guests.

At 1:40 this afternoon, the bride and groom left Washington in a special train for New York. Their Pullmann palace car was handsomely decorated with flowers and evergreens and the American and British flags. They were accompanied by General Porter and Messrs. Childs and Drexel and their families. On Friday the President and Mrs. Grant will go to New York to take leave of their daughter on her embarkation for England. The Metropolitan church bells were rung this afternoon in honor of the marriage, and several appropriate pieces played.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The most extensive preparations are making on the steamship Baltic for the accommodation of Mr. Sartoris and wife during the passage to England. Captain Kennedy has given up his cabin on deck, which he is fitting up as a boudoir for the bride and the ladies accompanying her. A rich Turkey carpet covers the floor, lace and crimson damask curtains hang at the windows, and from the ceiling are suspended several bronze lamps of antique pattern. The furniture of this apartment is a lounge, which at night can be turned into a bunk, and an elaborately carved walnut toilet stand. State room No. 1. has also been secured for the party. It is almost as large as three ordinary state rooms and is so situated that no motion of the vessel is perceptible to its occupants. The room has been entirely refitted. Only two of the berths remain, and, as these fold up into a settee, the apartment will be used as a reception room. The furniture is of walnut, and consists of two sofas, easy chairs, card tables, writing table and *liqueur* rack. The walls are covered with mirrors. The ceiling is snow white relieved with pink, and several statuettes adorn the angles of the room. Mr. Sartoris and bride will dine with the other cabin passengers, their seats being on either side of Captain Kennedy, at the head of the table. The Baltic's passengers have prepared a programme which is to supply amusement to the travelers each evening of their voyage, Sundays alone excepted—on which day Divine services will be held by Captain Kennedy in the main saloon.

ON THE WING—NO. 14.

DR. CUYLER ON TEMPERANCE.

We spent a Sabbath recently in Easton, and enjoyed the almost New England quiet. The heavy rumbling of trains cease with the closing hours of Saturday evening, and a delightful quiet follows. There is a large German population here, and there are three or four churches in which they gather for worship, and where their children attend Sabbath school. There is no factious opposition to the Sabbath as exhibited in some parts of the west, by this class of our population. This is one of the first inquiries the thoughtful man makes on entering a new place,—How is the Sabbath regarded by the people? Dr. Cottel preaches in the college chapel, the students and professors form his audience. On this Sabbath, the President of the college had exchanged with Rev. Dr. Cuyler of Brooklyn. There was a general desire to hear the Brooklyn preacher. He had been twice before his Presbytery for allowing Miss Smiley, the pious Quakeress, to speak in his church, and has a reputation for eminent piety himself. An appointment had been made for him to preach on temperance in the evening, in the first Presbyterian church. It is a commodious building, with the old style gallery on three sides of the building. Three other churches had closed their doors to permit their congregations to hear the sermon on the all absorbing topic of temperance. People began to congregate at an early hour and long before the hour of service arrived, the house was filled and people were standing in the aisles, and a large crowd at the door could not enter, and went home. The writer of this article felt a strong desire to hear the speaker, and see if any thing new was to be said on the subject. The great evil is changing front, and new tactics are being applied to oppose the hideous monster. We supposed the Doctor would give us the key note to the "New Departure." The deep interest felt by the people was manifested by the compactness so early in the house, and by many disappointed who could not enter. What the audience felt we could not tell, but we were disappointed in the sermon; not that it was not good, not that the speaker was not in earnest, but in the subject matter. We have no doubt that the sermon did good, as it was addressed to young men, and consisted largely in incidents of pastoral experience, and was presented with a good degree of power and feeling. There were many mothers present who could not refrain from tears. But it was a matter of the past. The present seemed almost ignored. As the speaker was so warm a friend of women preachers, we supposed he would be quite as warmly in favor of praying women. We listened for some warm, burning words concerning the "woman's war" in the west. How was it possible for a man fresh from the intellectual centre of our country to give an address on temperance, and forget the sublime movement that has closed so many rum holes (hells) and induced so many thousands to forsake the ways of death, we could not imagine. The mothers and sisters have, for years, seen their brothers, fathers, and husbands murdered in these licensed slaughter houses. Children have gone naked and hungry while fathers have spent their earnings to become brutes, and mothers have tried to hide their shame. They have borne sorrows with patience; they saw the turbid stream growing broader and deeper; danger growing heavier; and feeling that vain was the help of man, they throw themselves upon trust in God. This was not new, but was old as the days of Abraham. The sublime faith of Abraham seems to have revived again. These suffering women flew from the desolation of home, weighed down with grief too heavy to bear longer, strong in the faith of Elijah, in the voice of humble prayer, they went to the fountain head of their woe and plead for the rumseller to stop his deadly traffic. Men may laugh, but God has set his seal of approbation upon it. Women can accomplish more by persuasive kindness and prayer, than man can by eloquence. Much as men suffer by intemperance, women suffer more. Want, wretchedness, shame, blasted hopes, broken hearts, ruined homes and aching heads are some of the sad features that shade the drunkard's home. When the help of man fails, no wonder that the suffering women of Ohio went to God. They manifested the energy of despair. Storm, nor cold, nor pain, could dampen their ardor, and thousands are rejoicing in the freedom from the deadly grasp of their terrible foe. The temperance question is again brought to the front. A new element has entered the contest. There is another fight just ahead of us. A correspondent from Harrisburg discourses thus: "The Legislature has been excited on the subject" of temperance. "Lately it witnessed one of the disgraceful scenes which are far too common. A drunken, noisy, cursing member of the House of Representatives had to be removed from the Hall by the Sergeant-at-arms. To-day the whiskey men were in full force, and after a vigorous contest of some hours, in which the temperance men were finely led by Messrs Wolfe, Stranahan, Mitchel, Allen and others, and the whiskey men by frequent and deep potations from a bar near by (it is said within the capitol building, and supported by the State) the whiskey men carried the day by passing a bill through its first reading which virtually repeals local option in all the counties where it has been in force." Before the Legislatnre met an Ex-Governor predicted the result which is thus foreshadowed. He said the whiskey men were ready with any amount of money to influence members, and they would use it freely. And this after the new Constitution has been adopted. The people must try again. The rum men will not abide by law, nor regard constitutional obligations. Now let the women of Pennsylvania step to the front. If men will sell liquor, let us have a more stringent law passed, and let the women of the state pledge themselves to see it enforced, and follow the violators to the bitter end. The scene in the Legistature above described, reminds one of the remark we heard a very prominent citizen of Huntingdon make. He had been importuned to accept a nomination looking to a seat in the Legislature. His answer was in these words: "Gentlemen, what have I done that you wish to visit me with this infliction?" The people must be educated so that it will not be thought respectable to drink intoxicating liquors. The habit must be driven from good society. Let every friend of human welfare, male and female combine to bring about this result, so that a druken, swaggering, "cursing" member of the Legislature will not be permitted to retain his seat for a day. The writer above quoted hints that there is a *bar* in the 'capitol building supported by the state.' Think of this temperance people of Pennsylvania!! Would it not be well to ascertain the truth of this? It is a matter which would throw some light on the course which Legislature takes. If legislators wish to drink whiskey, let them pay their own bills, and not tax the people to make these "drunken, noisy, cursing" members of the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

ALPHA.

THE APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The following is the substance of the apportionment bill as it finally passed both houses of the Legislature last week.

SENATE.

1st District, 1, 2, and 26th wards, Philadelphia.
2d District, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 11th wards, Philadelphia.
3d District, 16, 17, 18, and 20th wards, Philadelphia.
4th District, 21, 22, 24, and 27th wards, Philadelphia.
5th District, 15, 28, and 29th wards Philadelphia.
6th District, 7, 8, and 9th wards, Philadelphia.
7th District, 10, 12, 13, and 14th wards, Philadelphia.
8th District, 19, 23 and 25th wards, Philadelphia.
9th District, Delaware County.
10th, Bucks.
11th, Berks.
12th, Montgomery.
13th and 14th, Lancaster.
15th, Dauphin.
16th, Lehigh.
17th, Lebanon.
18th, Northampton.
19th, Chester.
20th, City of Scranton, Carbondale and part of Luzerne county.
21st, Remainder of Luzerne.
22d, Monroe, Pike and Carbon.
23d, Bradford and Wyoming.
24th, Lycoming, Montour, Sullivan and Columbia.
25th, Tioga, Potter and McKean.
26th, Susquehanna and Wayne.
27th, Union, Snyder and Northumberland.
28th, York,
29th, Pottsville and part of the townships of Schuylkill.
30th, Remainder of Schuylkil,
31st, Perry, Mifflin and Juniata.
32d, Cumberland and Adams.
33d, Franklin and Huntingdon.
34th, Clinton, Clearfield and Centre.
35th, Blair and Cambria.
36th, Somerset, Bedford and Fulton:
37th, Cameron, Elk, Clarion and Forest.
39th, Westmoreland.
40th, Fayette and Greene.
41st, Butler and Armstrong.
42d. 43d, 44th, and 45th, Allegheny county.
46th, Beaver and Washington.
47th, Lawerence and Mercer.
48th, Warren and Venango.
49th, Erie.
50th, Crawford.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Philadelphia, 1st, Ward, 2 2d, 2; 3d, 1; 4th 1; 5th, 1; 6th, 1; 7th, 2; 8th, 1; 9th, 1; 10th, 1; 11th, 1; 12th, 1; 13th, 1; 14th, 1; 15th, 1; 16th, 1; 17th, 1; 18th, 3; 19th, 2; 20th, 2; 21st, 1; 22d 1; 23d, 1; 24th, 1; 25th, 1; 27th, 1; 28th, 1.
Adams; county, 2 members.
Allegheny—City of Allegheny, 3 Pittsburg, 7; county, 4 members.
Armstrong, 2 members.
Beaver, 5 members.
Bedford, 2 members.
Blair, 2 members,
Bradford, 3 members.
Bucks, 4 members.
Butler, 2 members.
Berks—Reading, 2; county, 4 members.
Cambria, 3 members.
Cameron, 1 member.
Carbon, 2 members.
Centre, 2 members.
Chester, 4 members.
Clarion, 2 members.
Clearfield, 1 member.
Clinton, 1 member,
Columbia, 2 members.
Crawford, 4 members.
Cumberland, 2 members
Dauphin—Harrisburg, 1; county, 2 members.
Delaware, 2 members.
Elk, 1 member,
Erie—Erie city, 1; county, 3 members.
Fayette, 2 members.
Forest, 1 member
Franklin, 3 members.
Fulton, 1 member.
Greene, 1 member.
Huntingdon, 2 members.
Indiana, 2 members.
Jefferson, 1 member.
Juniata, 1 member.
Lancaster—Lancaster city, 1; county 5 members.
Lawrence, 2 members.
Lebanon, 3 members.
Lehigh, 2 members.
Lycoming, 3 members.
Luzerne—Wilkesbarre, 1; Scranton 2; county 6.
McKean, 1 member.
Mercer, 3 members,
Mifflin, 1 member.
Monroe, 1 member.
Northampton, 3 members.
Northumberland, 2 members.
Perry, 2 members.
Pike, 1 member.
Potter, 1 member.
Schuylkill, 6 members.
Snyder, one member.
Somerset 2 members.
Sullivan, 1 member.
Susquehanna, 2 members.
Tioga, 2 members.
Union, 1 member.
Venango, 3 members.
Warren, 1 member.
Washington, 2 members.
Wayne, 2 members.
Westmoreland, 3 members.
Wyoming, one member.
York, 4 members.

THE NEW APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The new apportionment bill just passed makes the following districts for State Senators:

33d District, Huntingdon and Franklin.
31st District, Perry, Juniata and Mifflin.
32nd District, Cumberland and Adams.
34th District, Clinton, Clearfield and Centre.
35th District, Blair and Cambria.
36th District, Somerset, Bedford and Fulton.

Hence it will be seen that we will be called upon to elect, for two years, this fall a State Senator. Roll in candy-dates!

The same act provides two members of the Assembly for Huntingdon, one for Mifflin, one for Juniata, one for Perry, three for Franklin, one for Fulton, two for Bedford, two for Blair two for Cambria, two for Centre, one for Clearfield.—*Globe.*

EDITOR'S TABLE

—Having been away we are somewhat late in noticing some of the books which we have been favored with this month, but we suppose we had much better be late with our favor than to give no notice at all. We have received an interesting work entitled "Women to the Rescue." A story of the new crusade by T. S. Authur. The work comprises 226 pages, and if we are not mistaken is sold for $1.25. Such works should receive the encouragement of all good people. The introduction of such literature cannot help but manufacture public sentiment in opposition to the damnable traffic in intoxicationg liquors. This author has through a long and busy life done a noble work in this much needed reform by giving to the public such works as "Ten nights in a bar room," "Three years in a Man-Trap," "Cast adrift," and many others which have earned a well deserved popularity. In regard to the last work "Woman of the Rescue" we feel warranted in saying that there are few books which furnish lessons of equal interest and importance. All parents should place it within the reach of their families, and urge upon them its careful perusal.

—*Demorest's Monthly* for June is at hand. This is one of the most valuable fashion magazines of the day and should be in the hands of every lady in the land, included in every number is a valuable pattern worth during the year almost the entire price of the subscription, which is only $3.00. It is really one of the cheapest as well as one of the best monthlies published in the world.

—*Demorest's Young American* for young folks still maintains its reputation as one of the very best juvenile monthlies published. The present number is not the least behind its predecessors in interesting reading for the young.

—*Locke's National Monthly* for June is just at hand. The readers of its generally sprightly pages doubtless regard the change in the time of publication with no little satisfaction, since according to previous promise, it is now in their hands as early as any of the popular monthlies. The June number opens with story from a new contributor, entitled "Galen Erwin's Help," and the department of fiction also contains fresh and readable stories from Miss A. Corbett Chase, Eleanor Kirk and others. The humorous pages of the number are well filled by D. R. Locke, who contributes a sketch with an unwritten moral, called "The Old Times and the New;" and by Miss Mary Hartwell, whose "Sorrows of A. J. Perkins" will prove one of the most popular things from her pen. The graver and more instructive portions of the magazine in this number are admirably calculated to furnish good reading, but a list of these articles would take too much space for our columns. But the wonder, after all, is how so much really valuable matter can be crowded into forty-eight pages and sold for ten cents; or a dollar a year. LOCKE AND JONES, Publishers, Toledo, Ohio.

—We have received for the first time, although we see it has reached its second volume, *The Sanitarian* for May. Publication office at No. 234 Broadway, New York. This is a very valuable magazine full of information needed by all. But perhaps we cannot give a better idea of the work than by giving the following extract from its pages:

LAUGHTER AS A MEDICINE.—A short time since, two individuals were lying in one room, very sick, one with brain fever, and the other with an aggrevated case of mumps. They were so low that watchers were needed every night, it was thought doubtful if the one sick of fever could recover. A gentleman was engaged to watch over night, his duty being to wake the nurse whenever it became necessary to administer medicine. In the course of the night both watcher and nurse fell asleep. The man with the mumps lay watching the clock, and saw that it was time to give the fever patient his potion. He was unable to speak aloud, or to move any portion of his body except his arms, but, seizing a pillow, he managed to strike the watcher in the face with it. Thus suddenly awakened, the watcher sprang from his chair, falling to the floor, and awakened the nurse and the fever patient. The incident struck the sick men as very ludicrous, and they laughed heartily at it for some fifteen or twenty minutes. When the doctor came in the morning he found his patients vastly impoved; said he never knew so sudden a turn for the better, and now both are up and well. Who says laughter is not the best medicine? And this reminds the writer of another case. A gentleman was suffering from an ulceration in the throat, which at length became so swollen that his life was despaired of. His household came to his bedside to bid him farewell. Last of all came a pet ape, and shaking the man's hand, went away also with his hands over his eyes. It was so ludicrous a sight that the patient was forced to laugh, and laughed so heartily that the ulcer broke and his life was saved.

—*Peters' Musical Monthly* for May is as good as ever. This work is devoted entirely to music, adapted especially to beginers. Paents will find this a valuable magazine to place in the hands of their daughters, in this way they can foster a love for music, with all its refining and elevating tendencies. Address J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, New York.

Diseases of the Blood.

"The Blood is the Life." When this source is corrupted, the painful sorrow-producing effects are visible in many shares. The multifarious forms in which it manifests itself, would form subjects upon which I might write volumes. But as all the varied forms of diseases which depend upon bad blood are cured, or best treated, by such medicines as take up from this fluid and excrete from the system the noxious elements, it is not of practical importance that I should describe each. For instance, medical authors describe about fifty varieties of skin disease, but as they all require for there cure very similar treatment it is of no practical utility to know just what name to apply to a certain form of skin disease, so you know how best to cure it. Then again I might go on and describe various kinds of scrofulous sores, fever sores, white swellings, enlarged glands, and ulcers of varying appearance; might describe how virulent poison may show itself in various forms of eruptions, ulcers, sore throat, bony tumors, etc.; but as all these various appearing manifestations of bad blood are cured by a uniform means, I deem such a course unnecessary. Thoroughly cleanse the blood, which is the great fountain of life, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and soundness of constitution, will all return to us. For this purpose Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets are pre-eminently the articles needed. They are warranted to cure Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, St. Anthony's Fire Rose Rash or Erysipelas, Ring-Worms, Pimples, Blotches, Spots, Eruptions, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Rough Skin, Scurf, Scrofulous, Sores and Swellings, Fever Sores, White Swellings, Tumors, Old Sores, or Swellings, Affections of the Skin, Throat and Bones, and Ulcers of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, and Lungs.

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.

BELLEFONTE, May 27 1874.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 56
Red wheat No. 1	1 45
Barley	90
Corn, ears	80
Shelled corn	80
Oats	55
Rye per bushel	80
Buckwheat per bushel	
Clover seed " "	4 75
Plaster ₩ ton	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.

Apples, dried, per lb	@5½
Peaches, dried, per lb	12½15@22
Cherries, dried, per lb	5
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	25
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	20
Hams per lb	
Bacon	
Sides	10
Butter	20
Lard per lb	8
Eggs per doz	15
Tallow, per pound	6
Rags	2
Potatoes per bushel	1 00
Dried Beef	

Philadelphia Market Report.

Monday, May 25, 1874.

Flour dull; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $6.70a7.25; State, Ohio and Indiana $7.50a8. Wheat dull; red $1.35a1.55; white $1.74. Rye 88. Corn unsettled and lower; 86a88c. Oats held at 67a69c. Petroleum; crude 9½c; refined 18½c. Whisky firm at 99c. Butter more active; choice yellow 25a30c. Cheese furly active; prime western 15a1½c. Eggs firm western 16a17c.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREAT DISCOVERY!

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE of IRON For the cure of weak stomach, general debility indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipaton acidity of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic,

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient salt of Iron we possess; Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics, Yellow Peruvian Bark.

The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient Salt of Iron combined with our valuable Nerve, is most happy. It augments the appetite raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensible as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. 14 4t

THE "Gentleman in Black," who is the tutelar demon of dram-shops, assumes his sourest aspect when the radid progress of VINEGAR BITTERS is reported "down below." The People's Vegetable Tonic is playing the mischief with his bitters fired with rum. All diseases which those demoniac nostrums aggravate, under pretense of relieving, such as indigestion, sick-headache, constipation, rheumatism, gout, and intermittent fevers are cured by it. 20-4t.

TO CURE A COUGH, to relieve all irritations of the throat, to restore perfect soundness and health to the most delicate organizations of the human frame—the lungs—use *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, which is still prepared with the same care in the selection and compounding of its various ingredients as when it was introduced to the public by Dr. Wistar over forty years since.

THERE are several kinds, of worms which trouble horses; the pin-worms (pointed at both ends) are the most common and most dangerous. *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* will in a few days eject the worms, and the horse will begin to thrive.

Factories and machine shops should not be allowed to run a day without *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. In case of a sudden accident, an immediate use of it may save weeks of suffering, and perhaps a limb, or even life.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a certain note from Isaac Hause, of Snyder county, for about fifteen dollars, as I have a just and legal defense for the same. SAMUEL ALEY.
21-3t Walker, Pa.

$25 A DAY GUARANTEED using our WELL AUGER & DRILL, in good territory. Endorsed by Governors of IOWA, ARKANSAS and DEKOTA. Catalogue free. W. GILES, St. Louis, Mo.
21-4t

CAMPHORINE
The UNIVERSAL MEDICINE
For the Household.
TRY IT. PRICE PER BOTTLE 25 CENTS
REUBEN HOYT, Proprietor,
203 Greenwich, St. N. Y.
(For sale by all Druggists.) 21-4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"EDEDGRAPHY" A new book on the art of Writing by Sound; a complete system of Phonetic Short-Hand, the shortest, most simple, easy, and comprehensive, enabling anyone in a short time to report trials, speeches, sermons, &c. The Lord's Prayer is written with 49 strokes of the pen, and 140 words per minute. The unemployed should learn this art. Price by mail 50 cents, Agents wanted. Address T. W. EVANS & CO., 139 S. 7th St., Phila., Pa.
21-4w

THE HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES of Europe say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is

JURUBEBA.

It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen. Price $1 bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 15 Platt St., N. Y
21-4t

LIVINGSTON IS DEAD.

For 30 years Millions have intently watched his perilous yet heroic struggles, and grand achievements, and now eagerly desire the COMPLETE LIFE-HISTORY of this world-renowned hero and benefactor, which unfolds also the curiosities and wealth of a wild and wonderful country. It is just ready. 2,000 agents wanted quickly. One agent sold 154, another 196 one week. For particulars, address HUBBARD BROS., either Phila., Boston, or Cincinnati, O.
21-4t.

AGENTS WAMTED for
"TELL IT ALL"

By MRS. T. B. H. Stenhouse, for 25 years wife of a Mormon High Priest. With an introduction by HARRIET BEECHER STOWE. Two years ago the author wrote a pamphlet on Polygamy which excited the Mormon newspapers to sneeringly incite her to write a book and 'TELL IT ALL.' Eminent men and woman urged her to accept the challenge, and 'TELL IT ALL' is the result. It is the only book on this subject ever written by a REAL Mormon woman. 695 pp. superbly illustrated and bound. It outsells all other books three to one. It takes like wildfire. 100,000 will be sold. Agents, now is your opportunity. Our Descriptive pamphlet, terms, &c., sent free to all. Address, A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., Hartford, Conn. 21-4t.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.—Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of Centre County will hear appeals from assessments of 1874 for the different townships and boroughs in said county, on the following days, at the places for holding elections in townships and boroughs, to wit:—

Patton township	Tuesday,	June 16th
Half Moon "	Wednesday,	June 17th
Ferguson "	Thursday,	June 18th
Harris "	Friday,	June 19th
Potter "	Saturday,	June 20th
Gregg "	Monday,	June 22d
Penn "	Tuesday,	June 23d
Haines "	Wednesday,	June 24th
Miles "	Thursday,	June 25th
Walker "	Friday,	June 26th
Madison "	Monday,	June 29th
Liberty "	Tuesday,	June 30th
Curtin "	Wednesday,	July 1st
Howard " & Howard Borough	Thursday July 2nd.	
Boggs township	Friday	July 3rd
Milesburg borough	Monday	July 6th
Unionville and Union township	Tuesday July 7th	
Huston township	Wednesday	July 8th
Worth "	Thursday "	9th
Taylor "	Friday "	10th
Spring "	Saturday "	11th
Snow Shoe "	Tuesday "	14th
Burnside "	Wednesday "	15th
Philipsburg and Rush township,	Friday July 17th	
Bellefonte borough,	Monday and Tuesday, July 20th and 21st	
Benner township	Wednesday	July 22nd

By order of the Board of Commissioners
R. H. FORSTER, Clerk

Hardware.

F. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS.

ELAINE

AS AN ILLUMINATOR.

WHY IT IS THE SAFEST.

ELAINE will not explode while burning in a lamp, nor in any other way, as it does not contain any of the explosive compounds so frequently met with in the ordinary oil for illuminating. A lamp, filled with ELAINE, if upset or accidently broken, will not explode or burn. There is no position in which you can put a lamp filled with ELAINE, for common use, in which it will explode. As no other illuminator has such advantages of safety, ELAINE IS CERTAINLY THE SAFEST FAMILY ILLUMINATING OIL KNOWN.

[Almost the same price as coal oil.]

All kinds of Builders' Hardware and Carriage Makers' Goods

COMPLETE SADDLER'S STOCK.

SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVES,

guaranteed to be the best and the heaviest casting, largest oven &c.

Cashor short Credit, in no case to exceed three months.

37-tf WILSON & HICKS.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,

v3n2-1y No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

NO. 2, BUSH ARCADE,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has just received a large invoice of

Spring Goods!

consisting of the best assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

DRESS GOODS,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS,

AND FANCY ARTICLES,
ever brought to Bellefonte.
Also, a large assortment of

CARPETS

LOWEST CASH PRICES!

☞Produce taken in exchange at highest market prices.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.

5-12-tf

Book Bindery.

BOOK BINDERY

Chas. Knott,

BINDER FOR

BELLEFONTE PRESS COMPANY.

OFFICE AT PLANING MILL DAM.

Orders Addressed to

CHAS. KNOTT,

P.O. Box, 134, Bellefonte, P

will receive prompt attention.

Newspapers, Periodicals, Magazines, Pian Music and every other kind of publications,

☞BOUND IN ANY STYLE.☜

Constitutions, By-Laws and Pamphlet Work

☞BOUND IN EVERY STYLE.☜

All work warranted to be done in the bes possible manner.

Prices Moderate!

v6n42-ly

Miscellaneous.

PREMIUMS! PREMIUMS! PREMIUMS!

DAILY REGISTER! WEEKLY REGISTER!

The publishers of the Daily and Weekly REGISTER have determined to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to their subscribers and to all who may become subscribers to either the daily or the weekly issues of this journal—rapidly gaining a celebity for its vigorous and independent course and the value of its local and general news departments. They have therefore effected arrangements by which they are enabled to offer cash subscribers the following

HANDSOME PRESENTS:

CHROMO, "CROSS AND FLOWERS," to all who pay six months in advance for daily, or one one year in advance for weekly.

STEEL PLATE ENGRAVINGS—14x17 in.—Haidee, Bubbles, Play-Fellows, Mother's Joy, Penelope. Either of these we will give to Daily subscribers who pay us $2 for four months in advance.

17x22 in.—Aurora, First-Born, Faith, Love's Visit, Mother and Child, Good Morning. Either of these we will give to all who will pay us $3 for six months in advance for Daily, or $2 for one year in advance for Weekly

19x22 in.—Antony, Red Ridinghood, Hunting, Happy Hours, Violets, Fishing, on the Lake, Flower Gatherer, Betrothal Ring, Far from Home. Either of these we will give to all who pay us $4 for eight months in adavnce for Daily, or $3 for 18 months in advance for Weekly.

These offers are standing an absolute.

We have specimens of the engravings at our office.

We guarantee satisfaction in all cases.

Subscriptions received by mail or otherwise.

We send Chromos or engravings to parties at a distance, by mail prepaid.

Send in your subscriptions. Liberal inducements to agents.

Address, REGISTER,
GALBRAITH & BIERLY, Publishers,
19-3t Williamsport, Pa.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, May 1st, 1874.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$327,316 75
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	24,650 00
Due from redeem'g and reserve agts	21,994 57
" " National Banks	6,491 54
" " State Banks and Bankers	18,776 86
Banking House	24,760 87
Furniture and Fixtures	850 00
Current Expenses	742 57
Taxes paid	1,510 70
Premiums	21 42
Checks and other Cash Items	3,459 88
Bills of other National Banks	385 00
Fractional Currency (includ'g Nickel)	740 50
Legal Tender Notes	41,915 00
	$573,615 66

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	43,000 00
Exchange	741 65
Interest	5,851 67
Profit and Loss	175 61
National Bank Circulation Outstand'g	86,500 00
Dividends unpaid	500 00
Individual Deposits	114,263 60
Time Certificates of Deposit	208,267 73
Due to National Banks	12,953 64
" State Banks and Bankers	1,421 72
	$573,615 66

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, }
County of Centre 88: }

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 11th day of May, 1874.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, N. P

Correct Attest;

E. C. HUMES, }
W. P. HUMES } DIRECTORS.
J. A. BEAVER. }

v6n13-1t

SALE BILLS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY AT THIS OFFICE

JOHN WANAMAKER & CO., CLOTHING.

"OUR NEW PLATFORM."

ONE PRICE MARKED IN FIGURES AND NO DEVIATION

LOWER RATES NO MORE LONG CREDITS ENTAILING LOSSES BUT PRICES BASED UPON CASH PAYMENTS.

GREAT ADVANTAGES. PRICES ALL LOWERED JUDGES OR NOT—ALL BUY ALIKE TIME SAVED IN BEING SUITED

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR CASH RETURNED, EXCEPT FOR GOODS MADE TO ORDER WHICH WILL BE EXCHANGED

FINEST CLOTHING IN QUALITY OF MATERIALS IN STYLE OF CUT IN MANNER OF FINISH IN REASONABLENESS OF PRICE

WE INVITE LARGE GENTLEMEN, SMALL GENTLEMEN, BIG AND LITTLE BOYS.

FINE FURNISHING GOODS WHITE SHIRTS A SPECIALTY.

SAMPLES OF MATERIALS WITH DIAGRAMS FOR SELF MEASUREMENT, SENT ON APPLICATION.

JOHN WANAMAKER & CO.
FINEST CLOTHING HOUSE
818 & 820 CHESTNUT ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN I. RANKIN'S AGENCY.

To THE PUBLIC.—We are pleased to announce, that the companies represented at thi sagency have made satisfactory progress during the past year, and will continue to afford reliable insurance at standard rates. We express our acknowledgements for the patronage we have enjoyed, and solicit its continuance, assuring the public prompt and honorable payment of losses, an object of much more importance than LOW RATES, CHEAP INSURANCE and WORTHLESS policies

THE LARGEST AND MOST SUCCESSFUL AGENCY IN BELLEFONTE.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Agent,

Office--"National Bank Building,"

BELLEFONTE, PA.

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NEXT DOOR TO FIRST NAT. BANK,

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FANCY GOODS, TOYS, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

PICTURE FRAMES

EXCELLENT CIGARS.

E. JOSEPH & BRO, FANCY GOODS, &c.

NOW IS THE SPRING TIME OF OUR SWEET CONTENT.

THE PANIC IS BADLY DEMORALIZED!

DULL TIMES have taken a back seat for the reason that

E. JOSEPH & BRO'S

NEW STOCK HAS JUST ARRIVED!

A Large Lot of BROWN MUSLIN, per yard, fine, at	10 cts
A very good BLEACHED MUSLIN at	12½ cts
A good Lancaster GINGAM at	12½ cts
3 spools of GOOD COTTON at	10 cts
1 DOZ. Largest CLARK'S O. N. T. SPOOL COTTON at	75 cts
3 pair LADIES' WHITE HOSE at	25 cts
4 pair MEN'S HALF HOSE at	25 cts
1 Box Cloth-faced PAPER COLLARS, very good, at	20 c's
2 Gents White Linen HANDKERCHIEFS at	25 cts
10 Pieces of TOILET SOAP at	25 cts
Ladies' English White COTTON HOSE, per pair	25 cts
2 Large Pure LINEN TOWELS at	25 cts
White Striped MARSEILLES for Dresses, per yard	18 cts
1 DOZ. 1½ yards long LINEN SHOE STRINGS at	5 cts

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF

DRESS GOODS IN BLACK ALPACCAS,

We can give great bargains in these goods—have them at 25 cents and up.

WE HAVE REDUCED A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS to 15 cts. To CLOSE THEM OUT.

A Large Assortment of Table Linen and Napkins very Cheap.

RIBBONS,

HAMBURG EDGING,

LADIES' TIES,

WHITE ROUCHES & LACES.

A specialty is made of all kinds of

WHITE GOODS!

and a large asortment kept constantly on hand, at astonishing Low Prices.

☞Also, a large assortment of SPRING SHAWLS, BLACK THIBIT SHAWLS, SHIRTS AND SHIRT FRONTS very cheap. The finest stock in town, of IMITATION and REAL HAIR GOODS, Window COTTON LACE, the best assortment ever brought to Bellefonte—cheap, from 17 cents up. Also, White Honey Comb Quilts at $1.10.

We also keep the finest kind of

Jewelry, Watches & Spectacles!

OF MASON & HAMLIN'S PARLOR ORGANS we have THREE GOOD ONES on hand which WE WILL SELL AT COST PRICES.

17 tf E. JOSEPH & BRO.

FRYBERGER & MORAN, GROCERIES, &c.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS!

FRYBERGER & MORAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FINE AND HEAVY GROCERIES!

(HUMES' BLOCK, ONE DOOR NORTH OF POST OFFICE,)

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL SUPPLY OF

HEAVY AND FINE GROCERIES,
WOOD AND WILDOW-WARE, CONFECTIONERY,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,

Which we offer to the public at PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS IN SEASON!

We respectfully request all persons in need of anything in our line, to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsew here. It will be a pleasure to us to show our goods, feeling confident that they will bear inspection, and that you will be satisfied that it will pay you to make your purchases of us. Goods delivered free of charge, in Bellefonte and vicinity.

The best brands of

HAMS, SIDES, DRIED BEEF, BEEF TONGUES, BREAKFAST BACON

constantly on hand.

17-tf FRYBERGER & MORAN.

STATEMENT OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY IN CENTRE COUNTY, FOR THE YEAR A. D., 1874.

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Aggregate value of all Real Estate	Aggregate value of Horses, Mules, &c.	Aggregate value of Cattle	Value of household furniture including gold and silver plate EX. OF $300	Aggregate value of pleasure carriages	Aggregate valuation of trades, corporations and professions	Aggregate amount of money interest	Aggregate value taxable for County purposes	Number and value of watches NO.	VAL.	Aggregate value of stages, &c., kept for hire
Bellefonte Boro	$ 970650	$14105	$ 3513	$22150	$ 6375	$48685	$26762	1092140	62	3455	1675
Howard Boro	30854	1410	487	.....	310	4095	490	38246	11	280	40
Milesburg Boro	51705	1090	560	.....	40	8170	.....	61565	8	175	.....
Phillipsburg Boro	91450	3650	640	.....	150	19650	1000	116540	12	480	.....
Unionville Boro	23232	835	297	200	100	4670	350	29744	4	140	.....
Benner	239105	21677	5382	.....	1555	11560	780	289047	3	100	.....
Boggs	148735	10115	4726	.....	445	19815	.....	183838	5	170	.....
Burnside	22682	2550	1155	100	100	5000	.....	31587	16	325	.....
Curtin	61269	4094	1151	.....	300	2705	1875	71454	.....	.....	.....
Ferguson	648284	46570	19935	.....	3010	10400	4700	723899	5	140	.....
Gregg	632666	30522	8559	.....	3190	14320	6650	695907	3	120	.....
Haines	540451	27855	9160	.....	4875	12600	16380	621301	12	405	.....
Halfmoon	158976	12750	3466	.....	1295	5441	350	182288	4	80	.....
Harris	1106384	45912	11834	.....	5204	20585	47380	1237299	43	1355	100
Howard	93320	7027	2290	125	638	12802	3256	120338	7	250	.....
Huston	146884	9095	2905	.....	95	9421	1360	170060	.....	.....	.....
Liberty	94870	7299	2504	.....	430	10103	.....	115206	2	50	.....
Marion	182358	9245	2250	.....	1072	6855	1000	202877	.....	.....	.....
Miles	284314	35415	7953	.....	5172	18745	4350	356949	2	70	.....
Patton	128455	9815	2969	.....	556	5470	.....	146264	1	20	.....
Penn	198065	17837	4668	.....	3692	14635	11460	250377	2	55	.....
Potter	1147159	40900	10445	.....	5070	22730	1422	1297726	8	275	.....
Rush	125497	7800	1970	2000	100	24715	.....	162082	43	1725	.....
Snow Shoe	63086	7730	2575	450	315	17150	.....	91306	8	310	.....
Spring	957055	25430	4323	200	1510	20450	2500	1011468	1	30	.....
Taylor	42665	3222	1187	.....	.....	4790	410	52274	.....	.....	.....
Union	43817	6745	2953	.....	195	12220	.....	65930	.....	.....	.....
Walker	306872	19955	7055	.....	3480	9240	1925	348127	2	100	.....
Worth	47264	4152	2117	.....	.....	5881	.....	53614	2	50	.....
Total	$8592189	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9740621	.....	.....	.....

The Commissioners hereby give notice that they will meet as a Board of Revision, as required by the Act of Assembly, at their office, in Bellefonte, on the 21st, 22d, 23d, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th days of May (inst.) to ascertain and determine whether any of the valuations have been made above or below a just rate, and to revise, correct and equalize the same, according to the requirements of the laws relating to taxation.

SAMUEL F. FORSTER,
AUSTIN C. HINTON,
SAMUEL GRAMLEY,
County Commissioners.

Attest: R. H. FORSTER, Clerk.
Commissioners' Office, Bellefonte, Pa., May 7, 1874.

BLANKS.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND the most complete assortment of

BLANKS

OF ALL KINDS

To be found outside of Philadelphia, which we offer to the public at

LESS THAN

WHOLESAL PRICES

In any number from one to ten thousand, which can be obtained at

THIS OFFICE

ELCH & CO., Agent.

READ OUR PRICE LIST.

ATTORNEYS' BLANKS.

Form No. 1—STATEMENT AND CONFESSION per hund	$1 00
Form No. 2—AMICABLE ACTION & CONFESSION per hund	1 00
Form No. 3—PRECIPE FOR ATTACHMENT EXECUTION per hund	1 00
Form No. 4—RECOGNIZANCE FOR STAY OF EXECUTION per hund	1 00
Form No. 5—AMICABLE SCIRE FACIAS per hund	1 00
Form No. 6—SUGGESTION AND PLEA OF FREEHOLD FOR STAY OF EXECUTION per hund	1 00
Form No. 7—MOTIONS FOR JUDGM'T	60
Form No. 8—AFFIDAVIT TO ACC'NT	05

LEASES.

Form No. 10—EXEMPTION LEASES 5c each, 50c per doz.,	
Form No. 11—COMMON LEASES, (without exemption clause)...5c each, 50c per doz	

CONSTABLES' BLANKS.

Form No. 13—SUMMONS per hund		40
Form No. 14—SUBPŒNAS	"	40
Form No. 15—EXECUTIONS	"	40
Form No. 16—WARRANTS	"	40

NOTES.

Form No. 20—JUDGMENT AND EXEMPTION per hund		40
Form No. 21—JUDGMENT	"	40
Form No. 22—EXEMPTION	"	40
Form No. 23—PROMISORY	"	40

NOTARY PUBLIC BLANKS,

COLLECTION BLANKS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

RECEIPTS,

ORDERS,

&c., &c., &c.

Notes, Drafts, Receipts, &c., bound, per 100, 50c

ALSO ALL KINDS OF

BLANK BOOKS

AT EQUALLY LOW RATES.

We are prepared to furnish ANY BLANK NOT MENTIONED ABOVE at equally low rates

Orders by mail should be addressed to

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

BELLEFONTE, PA,

BEELLFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Agricultural.

NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them out in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

Milk.

Now that the dairy interests of Penna. are looking up, it behooves us to stop a moment and consider whether to the extent of our ability, we are pursuing the best course, considered both from a public and personal standpoint. So far as butter dairying is concerned, it is a private matter of the butter makers; but as compared with butter making, cheese making while being no less a personal matter, is to a certain extent a public one, so far as associated dairying is practiced. What I may say upon this subject, will be more particularly applicable to associated cheese dairying, although it will apply with a certain amount of force to milk under all circumstances.

I suppose it is generally known, that if from any cause milk once becomes tainted, that taint extends through the milk, and to any product that may be manufactured from it; that in fact it is impossible to make nice butter or cheese from tainted milk. While we accept this matter as granted, we believe that comparitively few persons are aware that milk is one of the most susceptible substances to absorb taints that we have to handle. One of the most difficult, I might say the most difficult matter that cheese factory operatives have to deal with, is to get the milk dellvered at the factory pure and free from foreign odors or taint. In order to do this, the most scrupulous care and nicety in its handling must be observed at all times. Previous to milking, the cow's udder and sides should be thoroughly brushed to remove all dirt and dust that may adhere to them, else a portion of it will find its way into the milk pail and thence on until it finds its final resting place in the butter or cheese. A common horse brush has given me the best results, with which to do this work. Tin pails are the only suitable ones for milk pails. Under no considerations be induced to use wooden ones, as their use will certainly sow the seeds which under favorable conditions will spring up and injure the product made, whether butter or cheese.

Where there are several cows to milk, do not wait until all are milked before carrying the milk to the milk-room, but do this as often as a cow is milked, or at least remove the milk beyond any possibility of coming in contact with the odors of the stable. If the milk is for the cheese factory, strain it into the milk cans as fast as drawn, and as they are filled, set them in a tank of cold water and cool the milk to 60 degrees fahrenheit or a little lower, stirring the milk occasionally. Be careful that the water in the tank is two or three inches higher than the milk in the cans, for the reason that all the heat extracted from the milk by the water, rises to the top of the water and therefore the top of the water may be warmer than the milk should be when cooled. The stirring is beneficial in a three-fold manner, first by distributing the milk and bringing fresh particles into contact with the air by which the 'cowy' oder is removed; secondly, it helps cool the milk quicker and more evenly, and thirdly it enables the milk to hold more of the cream or buttery particles in solution than it would otherwise be possible for it to do.

As to the value of this third proposition, we cite the Hon. Harris Lewis who says that after the cream has risen and become firm, no considerable portion of it can be saved in the curd. And again "this fact should be kept in view during the entire process of cheese making, so that if there is any waste, the butter is invariably the part lost;" and the Hon. T. S. Gold tells us that if milk is stirred while cooling, it will retard if it does not prevent the tendency of the cream to rise. S. G. FORSTER

Absorbent Power of Soils.

We hear more or less now-a-days of the 'absorbing power of the soil;' thus referring to that peculiarity by which the various soluble substances, particularly, however inorganic, and among them a series of plant nutients are so deposited or held that their solution, filtered through the earth, emerges much poorer in these substances, in consequence of this filtration, than when entering. A proof of this property in the soil is shown by a simple experiment, which consists in filling a bottle (having a small hole at the bottom) with fine river sand, or dug and sifted garden earth. If, now, dung-water quite offensive in smell, be poured into this gradually, until the whole mass is saturated with the liquid, this, on emerging from the lower opening, will appear colorless and odorless, the peculiarities of the water being entirely changed. It is certain that this property, possessed by soils, of attracting soluble substances from their solutions, has a very important influence upon the practice of agriculture, although much remains to be done in order to utilize it. This much is certain, that the finer constituents of the soil, especially the clay and humus possess the property, partly by capillary attraction and partly by chemical transmission and exchange, of attracting definate quantities of soluble plant-nutrients, especially ammonia, potash, phosphoric acid, sulphuric acid and other salts, and from dilute watery solutions to make them so much less soluble that they can only be extracted again, very slowly, by the long continued action of water. It is to this that we owe the fact that the substances most important for the nutrition of plants are not continually removed from the soil by the rain, and that putrescent or offensive liquids undergo a putrification by striking through the earth, that with insufficient manuring, clay soils loose their fertility more slowly than sandy soils, &c.

The absorbing power of the soil appears to be in direct proportion to its adhesiveness; and as sandy soils possess this peculiarity in a less degree, the manures applied to them pass off more readily, to the injury of vegetation. This fact has been acted upon for a long time, since it is the practice to apply a slight but oft-repeated manuring to sandy soils, while with the heavier soils the reverse may be the case.

Improving Dairy Stock.

Every succeeding year finds the farmers increasing their dairy stock, laying out their land so as to best suit its successful management, and each year developing greater interest in the subject of the best breeds of cattle and the best modes of managing them. With dairy stock, it would almost appear as if there was no such thing as standing still. Unless improvement is aimed at constantly, by weeding out those members of the herd which are gettnig past useful age, or after sufficient trial, are found to be inferior milkers, and by occasionally introducing fresh, and if possible, superior blood, through the agency of the sire, there is danger of retrogression. A herd on the retrograde is neither profitable or creditable to the owner; yet without care in breeding and selection, the farmer will find his stock decreasing in stamina and consequently less productive. No bad milker should have a permanent place in a herd kept principally for the produce of the dairy. To keep such a cow is simply to lose money wilfully, her keeping costing just as much as the best milker on the place, and the trouble she occasions quite as much as that given by the animal which gives double the amount of produce. It may be difficult for years, to have every cow in a herd first rate, yet the herd may be so improved by judicious, selections as to have very good cows.

In a stock of a dozen cows we will surpose there are a few indifferent milkers. By testing the milk of these cows carefully, and ascertaining the amount of butter and cheese they produce, to be under the average of what might fairly be expected from the care bestowed on each, it is certainly economy for the owner to keep such farrow, and at the end of the season dry them off, and with some feeding get them in shape for the butcher, and get rid of them without any further loss. To fill their places, let half a dozen heifers come into the dairy, and select from them to take the place of those found unprofitable.

Such a course, consistently followed for a number of years, would make more first-class milkers in our dairies, and be more profit to the owners, while the herd would gain a character and reputation in the district for good qualities. Much can be done to improve dairy stock by holding over the offspring of those cows which have proved themselves first-class milkers, and breeding only from those with a view to getting into a permanent strain of milkers, as far as they may be done in a limited time.

But it does not always follow that a heifer whose mother was an excellent milker, will in turn inherit her mother's good qualities in this respect, but when she is a descendant of a celebrated pail-filler, the probabilities are altogether in her favor, that she will possess in a high degree the good qualities of her race. By following such a line of policy as indicated, and taking proper care to secure males of noted milking stock, our dairy stock may be greatly improved, and, to say the least, far superior to the bad selection of common stock, bred with no reference to milking qualities.—*Prarie Farmer.*

No doctrine is good for any thing that does not leave behind it an etheral furrow ready for the planting of seed which shall bear abundant harvest.

If you would advance in true holiness you must aim steadily at perfection in little things and beware of supposing that you seek God's glory in anything savoring of display and outward demonstrations.

The Fruit Garden.

Among the pleasant provisions that should be made for the comfort of the farmer's wife and family, is a large fruit garden. By many hard working men this is regarded as an expensive luxury to be enjoyed when the mortgage is paid off, or a railway brings them nearer to market, not as a means of daily health and rational delight. Solomon says: 'There is nothing better for a man than that he should eat and drink, and that he should make his soul enjoy good in his labor. This also I saw, that it was from the hand of God.'

If the farmer does not take comfort as he goes along, when will he have it? When he has grown so infirm that he can take pleasure in nothing? When should his wife delight in the fruit of her labors? When she is broken down and life has become a burden? By no means. When we sit down at a city table laden with all the luxuries of the country, and think how many of the farmers throughout the nation live, we feel a generous glow of indignation. Why should not they, every one have clean table-cloths, early vegetables, and abundance of fruit in season? Some of them do, we know, but a great many of them do not, and the latter are the ones we are writing to.

One morning's industry will plant a strawberry bed, especially if the wife lends a hand in setting out the plants. Blackberries and raspberries will grow readily if one will give them a chance. Currants on small provacation, will yield an abundance of delicious fruit; cherries want only to be set in the soil, protected for a time, and they will take care of themselves for a lifetime, and afford food for man and the birds. When once a fruit garden is planted the satisfaction it affords will insure continued cultivation. Then the housewife can be sure of fruit to put up for winter, and won't be sorely puzzled in the spring to get up an inviting dinner.

It 'pays' in every sense, to surround one's house with everything that makes life pleasant; roses and honeysuckles over the front piazza, grapevines at the kitchen porch, and all manner of pleasant fruits in the garden. If any one deserves to live well himself it is the farmer who feeds all the rest of the world.

Some of these fruits can be transplanted from the woods; we have blackcaps in our garden that grew in the forest near by; blackberries take kindly to a change of residence, and all the varieties of strawberries came from the wild strawberry. The price at which these small fruits are sold place them within the reach of everybody. Persons who live in villages and have but a small garden plot can get a great deal of comfort out of it at slight labor and small expense. The waste matter of a family carefully economized and applied with judgment will feed the garden, and be returned in unbought luxury to the the table. The case needs no argument from us or any one. But like the preparation for a future life, it is put off from year to year till the convenient season comes; and meantime the procrastinator has been robbing himself, and suffering thereby, loss of pleasure, health and comfort. Now, my good friends, if you havn't a collection of small fruits on your place don't lose any time, but get them in this spring, and you will rejoice in time to come.

Poultry Notes.

We have twenty-three pullets and four two year old hens that laid in the month of February 39½ dozen eggs, and in the month of March 45 dozen. They are a mixture; Silver Spangled Hamburg, Frizzle Fowl and the five-toed Dorking. Their feed has been boiled potatoes, turnips and carrots, mashed with corn-meal and fed warm twice a day, excepting every fourth or fifth day the last feed has been dry corn, warmed in cold weather. They have had fresh fish, pounded bones and clam shells, lime mortar and an occasional mess of curd, made by heating sour milk and pouring off they whey; with clean warm water to drink when they first come off the roost in the morning, and at night. A few times in the coldest of weather have had about a table-spoonful of cayenne in a quart or so of scalded meal, to warm and enliven them up. Salt, they do not have, although it may be good, but I do not believe that ginger is any more fit seasoning for hen's food, than for human food. I cannot tell the exact cost of keeping per day, for the corn and meal has been used out with that of other animals and not measured to them; but they have had enough to keep them fat and are healthy. From my experience and observation, I should say that sour milk fed regularly hens will cause diarrhœa, and diarrhœa will soon debilitate and be likely to occasion tender and soft shelled eggs, and finally, no eggs at all. The best remedy I have found in such a case is, to stop given the milk and feed for a while on dry corn and barley, give plenty of water with a little cayenne or black pepper in it. Keep their water clean; if it becomes foul, throw it out and renew. If in recruiting they become extremely fat and do not lay, they might as well be disposed of; for their being reduced by disease has destroyed the laying properties, and their nutrition all goes to fat. Hence the saying "A hen is too fat to lay;" not that the fat prevents her from laying, but if she laid, she would not be so fat. I do not believe young hens properly fed and cared for, will become fat enough to prevent laying. That some breeds of hens will lay more than others with the same treatment, is evident, but I speak from small experience and with 'S. G. F.' am striving after more light in the poultry line. MRS. G. W. C.

INFORMATION WANTED.—I have several cows and *all* are more or less addicted to eating or gnawing old boards, old bones, &c. They will eat even pieces taken out of an old tie-up floor, and they appear sometimes when in the yard as if they would, if possible, eat the barn up. These animals have good hay, meal, salt and plenty of good water in the yard. All but two have calved this sping, are doing very well and in good condition. I have also a nice heifer two years old that appears just as the cows do. This appetite is the same in summer as in winter. Now if any one will tell me the cause, and what will cure this unnatural appetite, such information will be gratefully received by A SUBSCRIBER.

THE CHECK REIN.—Why is it that so many of our farmers, and nearly all our city carters, insist in using a tight rein on working horses? When a horse, left to its natural inclination, has a heavy load to pull, he can best exert his strength if his back bone is in one continuous line, and this he will have if not prevented by a tight check-rein. Some claim that it prevents a horse from falling, and when a man can raise himself over a fence by a lift on suspenders, we will believe it. When a horse falls, a tight rein will effectually prevent him from getting onto his feet again. Try it without the rein and see if we are not correct in our practice and theory.

Furniture.

NEW FURNITURE STORE!

JOHN BRACHBILL,

Manufacturer and dealer in

FURNITURE

SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

HAS COMPLETED HIS ELEGANT

NEW STORE

And has now on hand the best assortment of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will always be found at low prices. v6n10-tf

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.

v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

Tobacco and Segars.

NATIONAL TOBACCO STORE,

IN BASEMENT OF THE NEW FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

Bellefonte, Pa.,

R. C. CHEESMAN,

PROPRIETOR,

Keeps constantly on hand the very best assortment of

CHOICE CIGARS,

TOBACCO

of all brands and qualities,

PIPES, SNUFF,

AND ALL KINDS OF SMOKERS' FINDINGS

☞ The proprietor cordially invites his old friends and the public generally to give him a call. 6-4-1y

Watches.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solitous of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD,

v1n23-tf.

Foundries.

MILESBURG FOUNDRY.

CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style

Thimble SKEINS

of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.

Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,

made to order. [5-17-1y] M. M. FAXON.

LOGAN FOUNDRY

NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT

BELLEFONTE, PA

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make

HOUSE CASTINGS,

such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates &c., of all sizes.

Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled

Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the

IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.

Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every

VARIETY OF CASTINGS,

kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don t forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.

v6n1-1y. GEO. A. BAYARD

W. P. DUNCAN,

BELLEFONTE PA.

FOUNDER & MACHINIST

MANUFACTURER OF

Steam Engines,

HOUSTON'S WATER WHEELS,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

Mill Machinery.

v5n46-1y.

Lumber etc.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,

OAK

HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for

SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.

W. M. HOLMES,

Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co. Pa. 3-47 tf

BELLEFONTE

CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW

PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.

BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.

5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been this day granted to me, the undersigned, on the estate of John Bodle, late of Union twp., all parties knowing themselves to be indebted to the said estate will make immediate settlement, and all having claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated for payment.

May 16, '74 20-6t. GEO. ALEXANDER.

SEWING MACHINE AGENTS send for revised price-list of The GOODRICH ATTACHMENTS. The PATENT TEMPERED HEMMERS in sets, with DRESS BINDER only $1.00. Samples by mail. None genuine unless stamped H. C. GOODRICH, Office, 103 North Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Penna. 20-4t

BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, PROGRAMMES, CARDS, ENVELOPES, CIRCULARS, &c.

NEATLY PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE!

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, DECEMBER 1st, 1873, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

BUFFALO EXPRESS leaves	Phila			12.55 p. m
"	"	"	Harrisb'g	5.05 p. m
"	"	"	Williamsp't	9.20 p. m
"	"	"	Emporium	2.15 a. m
"	"	arr. at	Buffalo	8.50 a. m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia			10.20 p. m
"	"		Harrisburg	3.05 a. m
"	"		Williamsport	7.30 a. m
"	"		Lock Haven	8.40 a. m
"	"		Renovo	10.05 a. m
"	"	arr. at	Erie	7.20 p. m
ELMIRA MAIL leaves	Philadelphia,			8.00 a. m
"	"		Harrisburg	1.20 p. m
"	"		Williamsport	6.20 p. m
"	"	arr. at	Lock Haven	7.55 p. m
RENOVO ACCOM leaves	Harrisb'g			8.25 a. m
"	"	arr.	Williamsport,	12.55 p. m

EASTWARD.

BUFFALO EXPRESS leaves	Buffalo,			3.25 p. m
"	"	"	Emporium	9 00 p. m
"	"	"	Williamsp't	1.10 a. m
"	"	arr. at	Harrisb'g	4.50 a. m
"	"	"	Philadelphia	9.10 a. m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie			11. 20 a. m
"	"	"	Renovo	8.40 p. m
"	"	"	Lock Haven,	9.55 p. m
"	"	"	Williamsp't,	11.10 p. m
"	"	arr. at	Harrisburg	3.05 a. m
"	"	arr. at	Phila	8.00 a. m
ELMIRA MAIL leaves	Lock Haven			7. 55 a. m
"	"	"	Williamsp't	9.30 a. m
"	"	arr. at	Harrisburg	1 56 p. m
"	"	arr. at	Philadelphia	5.50 p. m
HARRISBURG ACCOM. leaves	Williamsport			6.50 p. m
"	"	arr. at	Harrisburg	10.50 p. m
"	"	"	Philadelphia	2.50 a. m

Bald Eagle Mail, Eastward. Leaves Lock Haven 12.20 p. m arrives at Williamsport 1.30 p. m.

Bald Eagle Mail westward Leaves Williamsport 1.55 p. m. arrives at Lock Haven 3.10.

Mail East connect east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S & M. S. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Elmira Mail and Buffalo Express make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju..	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown P	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's P	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek P	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy P	8 29	12 59	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 50 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 56 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 49 a m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail A.M.	Exp. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	9 20	6 50
East Tyrone	1	9 27	6 57
Bald Eagle	5	9 38	7 07
Hannah	10	9 54	7 21
Port Matilda	14	10 03	7 30
Martha	17	10 13	7 39
Julian	21	10 26	7 51
Unionville	26	10 40	8 05
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	10 50	8 15
Milesburg	31	10 55	8 20
Arrive Bellefonte	33	11 09	8 29
Leave Bellefonte	33	11 14	8 32
Milesburg	31	11 20	8 45
Curtin	34	11 30	8 55
Mount Eagle	37	11 36	9 01
Howard	40	11 45	9 10
Eagleville	44	11 58	9 23
Beech Creek	46	12 03	9 28
Mill Hall	51	12 16	9 41
Flemington	52	12 20	9 45
Lock Haven Intersection	54	12 25	9 50
Arrive Lock Haven	55	12 30	10 00

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 45	3 05	
Lock Haven Intersection	1	9 50	3 1	
Flemington	3	9 55	3 15	
Mill Hall	4	9 59	3 19	
Beech Creek	9	10 12	3 33	
Eagleville	11	10 17	3 38	
Howard	15	10 30	3 51	
Mount Eagle	18	10 39	4 00	
Curtin	22	10 45	4 03	
Milesburg	24	10 55	4 16	
Arrive Bellefonte	26		4 27	
Leave Bellefonte	26		4 30	
Milesburg	24	11 20	4 52	
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 25	4 44	
Unionville	29	11 38	4 57	
Julian	34	11 50	5 09	
Martha	38	12 01	5 20	
Port Matilda	41	12 10	5 28	
Hannah	45	12 19	5 53	
Bald Eagle	50	11 33	5 58	
East Tyrone	54	11 43	6 03	
Arrive Tyrone	55	12 50	6 10	

Insurance.

OLDEST STOCK COMPANY IN AMERICA!

OVER

THIRTY MILLION DOLLARS

PAID TO SUFFERERS

IN 80 YEARS!!

JNO. I. RANKIN, Ag't.

11-3m BELLEFONTE, PA.

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISINS, NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at all times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

H. D. YERGER,

v6n15-1y Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

HOW LITTLE WE KNOW OF EACH OTHER.

How little we know of each other!
How ready we are to condemn,
And lazily drift with the current
T'were manly and noble to stem;
When could we but know the temptations
And trials of frail ones that fall,
Our judgements were tempered with mercy
And tender compassion for all.

How little we know of each other!
How dim in prosperity's ray
The trials and hardships that cover
Like guilt from the eye of the day!
And the pangs of the houseless—the homeless,
The friendless on poverty's road,
May be at our threshold unheeded
And visible only—to God.

How little we know of each other!
The bond of dishonor and shame,
If truth were as welcome as falsehood
Might glorify many a name!
The culprit might put on the ermine,
The silver be free from its dross;
And crime's ghastly gibbet transfigured
To martyrdom's glorious cross.

Paragraphs Worth Remembering.

Benzine and common clay will clean marble.

Castor oil is an excellent thing to soften leather.

To remove rust from flat-irons use soap and sand.

Lemon juice and glycerine will remove tan and freckles.

A dose of castor oil will aid you in removing pimples.

Lemon juice and glycerine will cleanse and soften the hands.

Spirits of ammonia, diluted a little, will cleanse the hair very thoroughly.

To cause nails to drive easily, and prevent rusting, dip in melted grease.

Lunar caustic, carefully applied so as not to touch the skin, will destroy warts.

Powdered nitre is good for removing freckles. Apply with a rag moistened with glycerine.

To obviate offensive perspiration, wash your feet with soap and diluted spirits of ammonia.

The juice of ripe tomatoes will remove the stain of walnuts from the hands without injury to the skin.

Eggs should be curdled by standing in hot water a few minutes, not boiled hard in three minutes.

Chloroform will remove paint from a garment or elsewhere, when benzine or bi-sulphide of carbon fails.

To clean silver or brittania, use whiting finely powdered, moistened with alcohol; then rub thoroughly with chamois skin.

If a glass-stopper is set, warm the neck of the bottle in the flame of a lamp, and it can often be easily removed.

Never let case-knive blades or forks stand in hot water; it expands the steel, and thus cracks the handles. Ivory handles should of course, never be allowed to lie in water.

To renovate velvet, wet a sponge in warm soap-suds, squeeze it quite dry in a cloth, and wipe the velvet thoroughly; then pass the velvet over the edge of a flat-iron, the wrong side next the iron.

Grease on any kind of goods, may be removed by rubbing magnesia on the spots, and then covered with clean brown paper and applying a flat-iron. Repeat a few times, and the spot will be removed.

If common wood ashes and salt, made into a paste with a little water, be applied, the aperture through which the fire or smoke penetrates, may be closed in a moment. Its effect is equally certain, whether the stove be hot or cold.

Black walnut picture-frames that have become dull and rusty looking, may be renewed, by first brushing with a stiff brush to remove the dust, and then apply pure linceed-oil, with a suitable brush, or a piece of new bleached muslin will answer the purpose as well.

COLOR is the type of love. Hence it is especially connected with the blossoming of the earth; and again with its fruits; also, the spring and the fall of the leaf, and with the morning and evening of the day, in order to show the waiting of love about the birth and death of man.

No man establishes a character on an enduring and true basis, who does not to all other acquisitions that refine the sensibilities and enoble our nature, add that culture which is the reflex of a close study of God's Word for that is truth, and whoever does less, stops short of its divine source.

WE cannot conceal our belief that increased holiness will make the saint more sensative to all parts of perfection which may attach to his own soul and life. So there is no danger of his becoming, by advanced attainment, self-righteous. His humility and self abasement will increase the more with increased clearness of spiritual sight, and deepen immeasurably as he nears the ineffable throne of Infinite Holiness.

How much truth is spoken that is soon forgotten. A great many good things are said in sermons and lectures that leave only a transitory impression. But there are great truths, such as enfolded in Christ's teachings in our new testament christianity, that leave a distinct impression on one's mind all through life. These lead men onward and upward. The truth as it is in Jesus can never die; but is the stone cut from the moutain rolling onward till it shall fill the whole earth with its glory.

BLESSED be God, there is no place where death is not life's brother where life reigns alone, and 'to live' is not the first syllable which is to be followed by 'to die.' There is a land where death knells are never tolled, where winding sheets are never woven, where graves are never dug. Blest land beyond the skies. To reach it we must die.

Attorneys and Agents.

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-tf

D. G. BUSH.....GEO. M. YOCUM.
BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office North-east corner of the Diamond in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v6n1-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v6n1-1y.

E. BLANCHALD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6-1-1y.

ADAM HOY. JAMES T. HALE
HOY & HALE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practise and Collections. Remittances promptly made. v6n1-1y

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Office wth Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre Counties. 5-6-1y.

N. M ALLISTER.....JAMES A. BEAVER.
M'ALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. C. T. ALEXANDER. C. M. BOWERS.
ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-a'-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public, & Military Claim Agent, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office in basement of new Building of the Firit National Bank. v6n1-1y.

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store 6-13-tf

EDWIN S. DORWORTH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, on north side of Diamond. Calls promptly attended day or night. 6-14-tf

Dr. Tipple's Specific Liniment
is a certain and positive cure for WOUNDS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BURNS, CHILBLAIN'S AND ESPECIALLY OLD SORES AND OLD ULCERS OF LONG STANDING which it is guaranteed to cure. It will also cure all
EXTERNAL DISEASES
of the horse and other domestic animals. Sold y all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle,
DR. R. D. TIPPLE,
36-6m Bellefonte, Pa

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN
DRUGGIST,
BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE,
Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v6n1-1y.

Auctioneer.

ROBERT GOHEEN
AUCTIONEER,
Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa.

PETER MAYES,
AUCTIONEER,
Will cry all sales entrusted to his care with promptness.
TERMS REASONABLE.
Address Bellefonte, Pa., or call personally at building of Isaac Haupt, near the Railroad depot. 6-14-tf

Agents Wanted.

WANTED--1000 AGENTS
to sell a new and useful invention for slitting and looping rags, for carpet and cutting button-holes can unite five times the amount of rags in the same length of time than can be done by hand. NO THREAD USED. Any child can use it. It is the greatest novelty of the day. Patented by L. C. Palmer, and will be sent to any one, with instructions for using same, on receipt of $1,50. State and County rights for sale. Great inducements to Agents, Address. L. C. PALMER, & Co.,
3-tfv5n4 Bellefonte, Centre Co. Pa.

Miscellaneous.

EAGLEVILLE HOTEL.
EAGLEVILLE, CENTRE CO., PA.
SAMUEL H. KUNES, Proprietor.
Having purchased the old Daniel Kunes stand, I have entirely refitted and overhauled the house, and put it in first class order, and have made it one of the best hotels in Centre County. Large and commodious stables are in connection with the house, and teams will be faithfully and carefully attended to. A good board walk has been constructed from the depot to the Eagleville Hotel, and, it being away from the depot a convenient distance, it is the most desirable and pleasant hotel in Eagleville for the travelling public.
v6n19-tf SAMUEL H. KUNES,

Boots and Shoes.

JOHN POWERS,
The most fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker in the County.
LATEST STYLES ALWAYS on HAND
Guarantees to sell the Cheapest and best in Centre county.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE MANUFACTURE OF
GENTS'
FINE BOOTS & GAITERS,
HIGH STREET,
Opposite BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, Pa
16-6m

LOUIS DOLL,
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER,
HIGH St., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Has removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends.
Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. 5-29-1y

NEW GOODS AND NEW PRICES!
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
BOOTS AND SHOES!
AT THE
BOSTON BOOT & SHOE STORE
No. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE.
PRICES LESS THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOE STORE IN CENTRE COUNTY.
TEA & COFFEE!
Of the finest quality at LOWEST PRICES.
CALL AND SEE US.
NO. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE, BELLEFONTE, PA
6-1-tf.

E. GRAHAM & SON,
Dealers in
LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS
Best quality
Buenos Ayres Sole Leather
ALWAYS ON HAND
FRENCH, GERMAN AND COUNTRY KIP AND CALF SKINS.
Call and examine our stock, and be convinced that we are selling better and cheaper stock than any other firm in the county.
E. GRAHAM & SON,
41-6m Bishop St, Bellefonte, Pa.

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,
dealer in
Stoves, Tinware
WOODEN WARE
and all kinds of
KITCHEN FURNITURE
also
COAL OIL
and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.
6-tf

W. & L. WETSLER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES
OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS
TIN WARE
MANUFACTURED FROM THE
BEST QUALITY OF TIN,
AND SOLD AS CHAEP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.
SPOUTING
a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.
STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
5-33-tf

WHY DO YOU KEEP PORK HOGS OVER WINTER?
Go to Tipton's in Curtin twp., and get grade Essex spring pigs for your fall pork. They will weigh from two to three hundred pounds at eight months of age. Then you have choice pork. Or get a pure Essex and improve your stock. They are probably the purest breed in the country. vol 6 no 12-3mo.

THE BEST FACILITIES FOR NICE JOB WORK IN CENTRE COUNTY AT THIS OFFICE.

Philadelphia Advertisements

W. H. LOYD, WILSON LOYD
W. H. LOYD & CO.,
Bankers and Stock Brokers,
No. 36 South 3d St., Philadelphia.
COMMERCIAL PAPER NEGOTIATED. Gold and Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Prices. 15—1y

CHAS. CAMBLOS, & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 38 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, SILVER, & C.,
Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold on Commission.
Particular attention given to Investments. 48-1y

PHILADELPHIA
Surgeons' Bandage Institute,
14 NORTH NINTH STREET.

NOTICE, second truss store above Market. B. C. EVERETT'S Patent Graduating Pressure Truss has cured rupture of 58 years' standing Elastic Abdominal Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Anus Bandages, Suspensories, Crutches, Deformity Instruments. 40 years' experience. Lady attendant. 5-45-1y

MERCHANTS HOTEL,
CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,
FOURTH ST.,
A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-1y

SPECIAL AND EXTRAORDINARY
AUCTION SALE
OF
TWO HUNDRED CARRIAGES,
INCLUDING
THIRTY DUNLAP TOP BUGGY WAGONS, ALL FIRST CLASS,
On Thursday Morning, May 21st, 1874.
At 10½ o'clock. at
HERKNESS' BAZAAR, PHILA. 19-3t

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved cucumber wood pump, Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump, or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other.
For sale by dealers and the trade generally Inquire for Blatchley's Pump, and if not, for sale in your town, send direct to
Chas. G. Blatchley, Manufact'r,
10 8-m. 506 Commerce St., Phila.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centenaial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employedin the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservatien as a national memorial.
Interest at the rate of six per cent per annm will be paid on all payments of Centenial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.
Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned
FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia

"TO THE"
PUBLIC!!
CAUTION! BEWARE OF FALSE ECONOMY! CAUTION! Window Shade Rollers selling at 50 and 75 cents are NOT CHEAP. They do not balance; will not stay "fixed," and soon "play out." Our Patent Balance Clock-Spring Shade Rollers require no cords or pulleys. Testimonials from thousands who will have no other kind. We manufacture only first-class Window Shades, all colors. Fringe to match.
N. B.—French and American Paper Hangings a specialty.
Orders filled promptly by express.

1033. JONSTON'S 1033
Wall Paper and Shade Depot,
No. 1033 SPRING GARDEN Street,
PHILADELPHIA. 40-1y

16. THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT. 16.
B. J. WILLIAMS, JR.
MANUFACTURER OF
VENETIAN BLINDS & WINDOW SHADES
At low prices. STORE SHADES made and LETTERED to order. BLINDS REPAINTED and TRIMMED to look equal to NEW. Plain SHADES of the NEWEST TINTS, with FRINGE to MATCH, hung with PATENT SELF-BALENCE SPRING FIXTURE. LACE CURTAINS, LAMBREQUINS of elegant designs. GILT and WALNUT CORNICES, UPHOLSTERY GOODS, &c.
16 NORTH SIXTH STREET, PHILA.
March 30, '74. 3m.

S. L. KIRK, SON & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
130 North Third Street, Corner of Cherry,
PHILADELPHIA,
Have in store and offer for sale, at the lowest market prices, and on the most reasonable terms, a large and well assorted stock of GROCERIES, TEAS, SPICES, FISH, CHEESE, &c., selected with care in this, New York and Baltimore markets, to which the attention of Country Dealers is particularly requested. 13-1y

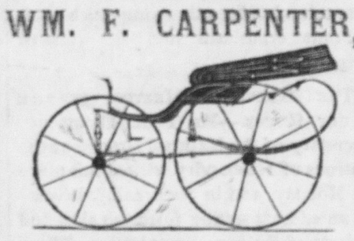
CASH PAID FOR HIDES, BY
E. GRAHAM & SON,
5-16-6m Bellefonte, Pa.

Coal, Lime, &c.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. BOND VALENTINE
Shortlidge & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
COAL UNDER ROOF,
FROM THE
WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,
prepared expressly for family use.
BEST COAL IN THE MARKET!
Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.
LIME!
WOOD or COAL BURNT,
challenges competition as to quality.
Agents for the sale of
DUPONT'S POWDER
RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.
FUSE--BEST COTTON, HEMP AND TAPE FUSE for BLASTING,
FIRE BRICK AND GROUND FIRE CLAY,
all of which are being sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.
CONSUMERS OF AND DEALERS IN THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE SOLICITED TO GIVE US A CALL!
Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot.
v5n34-1y

Coal! Coal! Coal!
HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the
Very Best Quality
OF
Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!
to all who may want the same, at the
MOST REASONABLE PRICES
Our Coal is of the very
BEST IN THE MARKET
and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.
All orders left with J. P. Gephart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive prompt attention.
ALEXANDER & CO.

Carriages.

WM. F. CARPENTER,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in
WAGONS,
BUGGIES
CARRIAGES,
SLEIGHS,
SLEDS, &c.,
BISHOP STEET, BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
6-12-1y.

S. A. McQUISTION

MANUFACTURER OF
Buggies, Carriages,
Wagons, Sleighs, &c..
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO!
SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT, BELLEFONTE, PA. 5-4-1y

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continnence of public favor. 5-6-1y

JNO. D. SOURBECK
LOCAL EXPRESS.
A local expressing promptly attende to reasonable rates.
Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.
BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.
5-16-1y

THE OREAD
OF
Mt. Carroll Seminary,
IS one of the BEST EDUCATIONAL PERIODICALS that comes to our table. As an exponent of one of the first Institutions in the West, it should be in the hands of every family where there is a daughter to educate. Let every one who would select an Institution to patronize, send a three cent stamp and receive a sample copy of the "OREAD" and a large, HANDSOME LITHOGRAPH of the SEMINARY AND GROUNDS free. ADDRESS, PRINCIPAL Mt. CARROLL SEMINARY, CARROLL Co., Ill. 10-1y

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,
Has just received a large invoice of GENTLEMENS'
FURNISHING GOODS,
of the latest styles,
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment
NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a
Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND
VESTINGS,
Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard He also keeps on hand a full line of
Gents Furnishing Goods
of every style and variety, consisting of
HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors, &c., on hand.
JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.
NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,
ALLEGHENY STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Just received by
WM. McCLELLAN,
a most complete stock of
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
AND VESTINGS;
which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.
Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.
He also keeps on hand a full line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, underclothes for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.
WM. McCLELLAN,
No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-12—tf

Miscellaneous.

$15,000.
The Tyrone Gas and Water Comp'y
want Fifteen Thousand Dollars on First Mortgage Bonds bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually. Parties desiring to invest in a safe investment would do well to call soon. C. GUYER.
Tyrone, Pa., Apr. 1, '74-15-3m President.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
HUMAN MISERY.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical
cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Piles, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in the admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may by, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two stamps. Also, Dr. Silsbee's REMEDY FOR PILES. Send for circular.
Address the Publishers,
CHARLES J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4586.

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte, Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil, Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand. ja12'73.1y.

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-29-1y

Blacksmithing.

JACOB SEIBERT,
BLACKSMITH,
REAR OF DUNCAN'S FOUNDRY, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.
EVERY description of Blacksmithing done promptly in a workmanlike manner at low prices. 5-25-1y

BEELLFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 279, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——In view of the meeting of the Pennsylvania Reserve Association in Bellefonte, June 4th, and the proposed reunion of the surviving soldiers of Centre county, on that day, the citizens of Bellefonte are earnestly requested to decorate their houses and places of business in an appropriate manner as an evidence of the hearty welcome they extend. The most appropriate decoration would be the American flag, together with any corps badges or other relics of the army.

T. A. Hicks, } Com.
Geo. F. Harris, }

——S. D. Gray, Esq., was called home last Saturday by the serious illness of his father.

——The Mountain City Band gave a ball on Monday evening. They realized considerable—they always do.

——Samuel Dubbs of Rebersburg has resumed specie payment. He paid his hands off with silver last week.

——Isaac Guggenheimer is building a handsome residence on Linn street and will soon be living with the bloated bond-holders.

——Miss Agnes Wallace of the Agnes Wallace theatrical troupe has been a guest for the past week or more at the Brockerhoff House.

——The *Watchman* suggests that a pleasure boat might be placed on the planing mill dam which is navigable for a mile. A happy thought.

——Mr. A. H. McClain is now a Milesburg merchant and his brother James McClain has taken his place in the Milesburg railroad office. James formerly officiated at Julian Furnace.

——Mr. Harvey H. Benner has taken charge of the furnishing department of John Montgomery and Son's tailoring establishment in the Brockerhoff row, where he will be pleased to see his friends.

——"What a good thing COSMOLINE is to have in the house!" is the oft repeated exclamation of those who have used it. Others say, "We find it so very useful almost every day, we could not possibly get along without it!"

——The *Berichter* says that Meisner, the chap who committed sundry thefts in Brush Valley, attempted to break jail at Lewisburg last Friday night, but made too much noise and the sheriff took the file with which he was operating.

——Messrs. John A. Woodward, D. C. Keller, Wm. Shortlidge and other agricultural men of eminence, have been pow-wowing for the last month or more over the premium list for the next County Fair. After so much fuss it ought to be a rather neat job.

——It has finally been ascertained that the new building opposite the depot which Charles McCafferty is erecting will be used for store rooms on the first floor and the other stories for open air meetings. It will be an ornament to the west ward.

——Nature will do more to assist the Reserves than it did for the Templars, in the way of decoration. The trees look beautiful. This shows that there is patriotism in everything. It warms in the sun, refreshes in the breeze, glows in the stars and blossoms in the trees; lives through all life, extends through all extent; spreads undivided, operates unspent, as the fellow said.

——Thomas A. Hicks and Dr. Geo. F. Harris have been appointed to take charge of the decorations for the Reserve Corps meeting. The decorating business is in good hands, and as our citizens are always willing to do their share in any thing that adds credit to the town, we have no doubt that they will cheerfully respond to the requests of the above committee which will be found in another place.

——Mr. Jno. W. Moore, of this place, who maintains the deserved reputation of being one of the best artists in this part of the State, and who is, as well, a landscape painter of no mean repute, has lately taken some fine stereoscopic views of different portions of Bellefonte and environs. A casual visitor to our town would hardly imagine that there were so many delightful sights in this vicinity as are shown in these views.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVE CORPS ASSOCIATION.

Their coming next week—Hancock, Hartranft, Crawford, Forney.

THE PREPARATIONS.

As announced in the REPUBLICAN last week, the preparations for the reception of the Pennsylvania Reserves go bravely on and we are this week enabled to give our readers a partial schedule of what will take place in Bellefonte next week.

On Monday June 1st the State College Cadets will encamp on the Fair Grounds to remain all the week. They bring with them a section of Artillery and an excellent drum corps and will have a place in the parade on Thursday.

Superinteudent Wickersham will send a number of soldiers' orphans who will remain here as the guests of our citizens for several days.

There will be an excellent supply of music. The Altoona and Lock Haven silver cornet bands and the State College drum corps will be here. In addition to these, the old drum corps of the 148th regt. Pa. Vol.—General Beaver's old regiment—will be present. This drum corps, like the regiment to which it belonged, had the reputation of being one of the best in the whole army.

The display of fire works will be the grandest our people have ever seen. A mammoth platform will be erected in the Diamond from which the display will be made under the personal direction of Professor Samuel Jackson, the celebrated pyrotechnist. The Professor has already given direction in regard to the construction of the platform and other detail work necessary to the display.

Every honorably discharged soldier in the county has been personally invited to be present and arrangements have been made to send conveyance after disabled soldiers who live at a distance from the county seat, and would otherwise be unable to attend. It is proposed to form a county organization of Centre county's surviving soldiers.

The annual address will be delivered by Major General S. W. Crawford, who will be remembered as having been the assistant surgeon in Fort Sumpter when it was captured by the rebel Beauregard.

Among the distinguished visitors expected are General Hancock and Burnside, Governor Hartranft, Col. John W. Forney, the veteran editor of the *Press*, Col. Wm. B. Mann, and others.

Excursion tickets will be issued over the Penn. railroad and its branches, and special trains will be placed on the Bald Eagle Valley branch. Governor Curtin, president of the Reserve Association, like a father preparing for a family reunion, has been throwing much of his old-time ethusiasm into the work of preparation.

THE GRANGERS' MEETING IN THE COURT HOUSE.—Mr. T. A. Thompson, Secretary of the National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry, visited this place on Monday, and in the evening delivered an address setting forth the aims and objects of the new organization. There was a fair audience and a number of ladies present. Mr. Thompson was introduced by Col. J. F. Weaver, who said that in this age every great movement that had for its object the improvement and uplifting of humanity, should be plainly and practically explained to the people. Scarce four years had passed since the organization of the Patrons of Husbandry, but in that time the movement had swept like a tidal wave over the country.

Mr. Thompson stated that he was raised in this State, and with five brothers had been educated on the farm, had been a practical farmer for over thirty years in Minnesota. He represented the farmers' interests, was anxious to see their interests as well protected as the lawyers', the doctors' or the merchants'. We have become a nation of societies. Every professional and business calling has had, for years, its society for self-protection. The farmers alone had been the exception. They were now awaking to their interests. The professional and business men made their own charges, but they also fixed the farmers' prices. This is wrong. The Grange was not intended to deprive any business interest of its right; it was only for the protection and improvement of the farmers, to secure themselves, to do away with middle-men. The lawyer pleads for all, the doctor prescribes for all, the preacher prays for all, but the farmer pays for all.

The speaker cited a number of instances where the Grange had been of great benefit to both producer and consumer. He is a rather easy and agreeable speaker, was listened to with attention and made a decidedly favorable impression in favor of the Patrons of Husbandry.

——This comes from the *Philipsburg Journal*: The bottom dropped out of a coal dump of the local freight train near the summit of the mountain on Thursday afternoon last and deposited the load of coal upon the track throwing eight cars off the track and demolishing totally two box cars. Of course Thomas Forcy, the energetic and efficient construction boss of the Tyrone Division was on the ground immediately and had the wreck cleared up without interfering with any of the passenger trains.

——The Altoona silver cornet band, with their new French horns will be here at the meeting of the Reserve Corps Association. The band was considered the best in attendance at the Knights Templar Conclave.

——Parties from Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Canton, Ohio, and other sections of the Union have been scouring Spring Creek for trout, during the past week, and, with our own piscatorial population have made things lively all along the shore.

——Mr. Frank McClain, who for several years past has been and still is a successful merchant in Altoona, called in to see us on Monday. Frank used to be the popular landlord of the Bush House and as such was estimated to be a regular thoroughbred.

——We are much obliged to the Washington Literary Society of the State College for an invitation to be present at a literary and social entertainment on Friday evening. Sorry we could not go because that society is one of the entertaining kind.

——Dr. M. Stewart, of Burnside twp., returned from West Virginia on Monday and reports that the large number of Centre county men, who have landed interests there, may make arrangements to enjoy their wealth: he is fearful that tax titles will have made them millionaires before they are in condition to enjoy pine-tree opulence.

——Gen. Buchanan, of Spring Mills, has been bereft of his last brother, Admiral Franklin Buchanan. We deeply sympathize with him, as the hand of death has taken from him all his gallant sons, who did noble service for their country, his daughters, wife, another brother, all within a few short years, thus leaving our venerable friend alone to journey through life, having seen all who were near and dear to him, pass on before.—*Reporter*.

——A little son of Mr. Charles McCafferty had his arm broken on last Wednesday. The boy had clambered up on a garden fence and with a number of other boys was looking at some workmen. One of these, a colored man, ordered them away and as they did not go immediately, threw a stone at them to scare them away. The stone struck the boy on the arm above the elbow and the bone was entirely broken. Dr. T. R. Hayes set the bone, and the boy is recovering.

——The Mountain City Band of this place gave a ball on Monday evening, the proceeds of which are to be applied on payment of new uniforms. If the amount,—$280—can be raised, our band—the pride of the village—will appear, on decoration day, in bran new uniforms. Our citizens should assist the boys, because they do considerable business in the way of free serenades and the like. We believe they have kindly offered their services free of charge for the 4th of June which is right and proper. The Mountain city band can not be out done in the matter of liberality and our people should reciprocate their kindness.

——Four young men returning from the Roopsburg Sabbath school on Sunday, found it necessary to cross the planing mill dam. During the transit one of the party became sea sick, and fell out of the boat into six feet of water. Although his head parted the water first, by some acrobatic evolution he managed to reappear with his feet under him. Then he smiled faintly but his three companions immediately regretted it. In the mean time he was quite active in the tread-power business but he no sooner reached *terra firma* than he began to say that he'd be dell to ham if he'd ever come home from Sunday school in a boat again.

——The following circular has been issued:

STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO., PA., JUNE 1ST. 1874,

Dear Sir:—The Annual Meeting of Delegates to elect three Trustees of this Institution, to serve for three years, will be held in the College Chapel, at 1 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, July 29.

By the provisions of the Charter, the members of the Executive Committee of Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society are ex-officio electors, and each County Agricultural Society in the State is entitled to send three delegates.

Please send me, at your earliest convenience, the names and Post-office addresses of the persons who will be present from your organization at the approaching meeting.

JAMES CALDER, President.

HEAD QRS. POST BAYARD NO. 90. G. A. R. May 18th, 1874.

To the citizens of Bellefonte.—In accordance with the established custom of our associations, the members of this post, together with the fire and civic organizations of this place will assemble on Saturday, May 30th, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., to decorate the graves of our fellow comrades. We earnestly call upon the ladies of Bellefonte to assist us in this annual tribute to the memory of Centre county's dead soldiers, furnishing bouquets, floral wreaths and other suitable decorations. We will trust to our patriotic ladies to furnish these, and request that they be left at my office under the First National Bank, on the morning of May 30th, at or before 10 o'clock.

R. C. CHEESMAN, Commanding Post.

A BRAVE AND HEROIC ACT.—Any one who has ever traveled by rail to Snow Shoe, particularly at this season, when the mountains are so beautifully adorned with foliage, and the miles of green, along the mountain sides, are so delightfully variegated with blossoming trees and blooming flowers, could not help but wonder at the little cabins that are found, stuck as it were against the steep sides of the mountain, at intervals along the switches that form a sort grid-iron work from base the summit. But these little homes are occupied by families and are as necessary to the safety and convenience of the road as any other part of the machinery. The little hand car carries the lords of these unpretentious castles over all parts of the road, and months and years are spent by them in keeping it in proper repair. They meet the trains every day as they pass, but, except these, see nobody for weeks and months together. Their children grow up in ignorance and, like themselves, know nothing of the outside world. But our story has more to do with a conductor on one of the trains that daily passes over the road from here to Snow Shoe and back again. On last Friday week, the 15th, while the afternoon train, with its long black line of coal cars was dashing from switch to switch along the steep mountain side, when the train, under full head way on a down grade, had nearly reached the middle of Pat. Clark's switch, (all the switches have names) conductor Ed. A. Nolan's watchful eye caught sight of a little child laying on the track. Near by was one of those little cabins, and the child had wandered from there out into the bright sunshine and, childlike, had lain down between two ties, with its arm thrown over the track, and had fallen asleep. The train kept thundering along and, in a few moments, the little arm across the track would be crushed to atoms and the body torn to pieces. Still the child slept, all unconscious of the impending doom. Ed. Nolan comprehended the situation in a flash and like the cool, active, brave man that he is, determined to save the child. He knew it was no use to signal the engineer "down brakes"; the speed was too high and the distance too short. His was a better method. Springing from car to car, he soon reached the engine; then in twinkling he had crawled along over the railing, until his feet rested on the cow catcher, while his hand grasped an iron brace. This was all done just in time. The engine leaped on its fatal mission and the ugly nose of the iron guards seemed bent to yield destruction. When ten or twelve feet from the child was reached, Nolan made a quick, terrible leap; clutched the sleeping child and—both fell over into a ditch, unhurt, while the train passed harmlessly by. He carried the frighted child back to the cabin and placed it in the mother's arms and, without waiting for her tearful words of gratitude, struck down the mountain and met the train on the next switch.

DECORATION DAY.—Post Bayard, G. A. R., has made every arrangement for the ceremony of decorating the soldiers' graves. Ten boys have been detailed from each Sunday School—making ninety in all—to carry the flowers to the cemeteries and assist in strewing them upon the graves. These boys together with the Mountain City Band, the soldiers belonging to Post Bayard, the Logan and Undine fire companies, the members of the town council and school board, will form in procession at one o'clock P. M. in the Diamond and proceed to the Union Cemetery, when the impressive ritual of the G. A. R. will be performed. All the Sunday schools of the town and our people generally are expected to be present at this ceremony. Then after decorating the soldiers' graves in Union Cemetry, all the other cemeteries will be visited and the graves therein decorated.

The Post is depending entirely upon the ladies to furnish bouquets and wreaths for this occasion. The season has been somewhat late and there may be some trouble to get a sufficient quantity of flowers but we hope that the ladies will do the part assigned to them, and that their kindly feeling for the fallen soldiers may be proportionately shown in their generous tribute of flowers. It might be well to add that May 30th is a public holiday, established by law and, as such, will be celebrated throughout the State.

——There will be a public parade in Milesburg under the auspices of Washington Camp No. 203, Patriotic Order Sons America, on decoration day, 30 inst., in which the Sabbath schools of the various denominations will take part, after which the graves of all soldiers will be decorated. All friends to the cause are invited to come and take part in the exercises of the day.

Procession will form in front of M. E. church at one o'clock P. M.

G. M. RHULE, R. Sec.
Milesburg, May 20th, 1874.

——There is a man in Rebersburg who can thread a needle 74 years old in the dark without glasses and his father will be one hundred and ten years from last October. Who can beat that?

——Workmen have been laying a new tile floor at the entrance of the Court house.

——The letters of "J. C. H." to the *Gazette & Bulletin* are truly rich, rare and racy.

——The weather now appears to please everybody except the candidates for district Attorney.

——Deputy Secretary Linn was again at home over Sunday. He is Centre County's candidate for Secretary of Internal affairs.

——It was reported that a son of Associate Judge Love, had been drowned at Lock Haven during the great jam. The truthful son assures the public that it was a canard, gotten up by his enemies to injure him.

——Jim William's wild-cat took it into his head a few nights since to return to the jungles of his fathers, and accordingly departed. As a remembrance of Jim's kindness he took with him about nine feet of wrought-iron chain.

——Who should we meet at the train, on Monday morning, but Mr. George Hale, who has been an ornament to the Columbia Law School at New York City, the past year. George looks hale and hearty and will be welcomed by every one.

——We are requested to say that delegates attending the Centre County S. S. Convention at Spring Mills, June 2nd and 3rd, should forward their names as early as possible to Peter Wilson, Esq., Spring Mills; and further that, in order to avoid any inconvenience, it will be necessary for Delegates to go to the homes assigned to them by the Local Committee.

——We would remind the teachers, and all other friends of education throughout the country, that the day appointed for contributions to the Agassiz fund, the 28th day of May, the birthday of Agassiz, is near at hand. Should any find this day inconvenient, their subscriptions, at any other time, will be gladly received.

Our plan has met with general and most cordial approval. The State Superintendents of twenty-six of the States have undertaken the distribution of circulars to the schools of their respective States, and in several instances, have sent with them official circulars commending the object. There is reason to believe that every State and Territory will be represented in the memorial, and that it will furnish an illustration of the readiness of a free and enlightened people to appreciate and honor a great Teacher and a noble man.

Louis Agassiz possessed in an eminent degree those qualities which all must delight to honor; his humanity was so broad and of so wide a range that he could win the sympathies of Emperors and Princes, and the humblest of the people. His passion was for truth; he pursued it with trained faculties, and energy, and a single mindedness which won the admiration of all who saw it. No personal honors and advantages could turn him from his purpose. He believed thoroughly in the maxim of D'Alembert, "Science must be loved for its own sake, and not for the advantages to be derived. No other principle will enable a man to make progress in the sciences." He had a keen relish of life, a most child-like nature full of love and kindness, a profound reverence chastened all his studies. Educated in the best schools of Europe, inspired by association with the greatest men of the century, he came to this country in 1846. He soon determined to remain here, because he was a republican in principle, and believed that the best and most extensive plans for popular education could be realized here. For this purpose he soon began to address educational associations of every kind. Teachers' Institutes, and Farmers' Clubs. Dissatisfied with the poor forms in which knowledge is often given in our common schools, he founded a Museum wherein a vast collection of well arranged natural objects might be presented to the eye, and the best methods for studying them taught. It was his belief that such a museum would sooner a later influence for good the humblest school in the land. To a friend he wrote, "I want something that shall work with equal intensity North and South, East and West; and that should go into operation at the rate of the advancing civilization of the whole country." On this museum he has lavished his time, his mind, and his heart. It is already become a scientific force which has been felt not only in Natural History, but in all other branches of science. Here, under this great master's care, have been trained and inspired some of the best observers and teachers now doing service in all parts of the country.

In Memoriam of this great man and Teacher, we ask the teachers and pupils whom he loved so much to perpetuate his work. The rich have given of their abundance, let us also bring our grateful gifts to memorialize one who received with equal gladness a specimen from a little child, and the contribution of the greatest scientist.

For the committee,
JAS. M. BARNHARD, Treasurer.

A SAD AFFAIR.—Quite an excitement prevailed in this place on Sunday last at a report that a funeral had been summarily postponed by the corpse coming to life. The facts of the case are as follows: Miss Eliza Smith aged seventeen residing with her parents at Philipsburg, this county, after suffering for some months from consumption, died at the latter place on last Saturday morning. The famil, had formerly lived in Bellefonte and it was determined to bring the body of the deceased here for interment. Accordingly the sorrowing family and a number of friends in charge of the body of the deceased arrived on the evening train. Arrangements were immediately made for the funeral to take place at three o'clock on Sunday. Several parties on viewing the face of the deceased remarked its life-like appearance. It was found that there was no rigidity in the body, and that the lower limbs gave evidence of warmth. A slight pressure upon the ear or finger nail of the deceased would instantly produce the color of blood. A physician was called in, and after some examination, declared that there was a reasonable doubt existing as to whether the lady was really dead. This was on Sunday about noon. Word was immediately sent to the sexton, undertaker and others that the funeral had been postponed until Monday. This action gave rise to numberless reports, to the effect that she was in a trance, that it was a case of suspended animation, and similar other rumors. About four o'clock on Sunday a report was circulated that she had revived and that she attempted to sit up in her coffin in the presence of the watchers. These rumors were on everybody's lips and created considerable excitement. In order that the facts might be ascertained, [Drs. Dobbins and Harris made a careful examination in the evening and pronounced that there was no trance or suspended animation, nor anything but death. The anxiety of the family during the hours of suspense was truly pitiable. There seemed to be a ray of hope, and it was hard for them to give up the loved one. The funeral took place on Monday afternoon.

——The *Reveille* of last week says; "the people of Bellefonte last week were amused by street fights and excited by false alarms of fire." This is a falsehood from some irresponsible boy who pretends to do the locals of the above paper. It might be well for the *Reveille* to take more care of what it says of the Knights Templar demonstration here, or we might be tempted to speak of a few of their citizens who were here during that week, in a way they would not admire.

——The following officers were elected by the Murdock Literary Society last Monday, May 25th, for the ensuing term of three months:

President, N. Beck, Vice President, Robert McClelland, Sec. N. S. Baily, Ast. Secretary, Thos. Reese, Treasurer, C. Pownell, Editors C. A. Schroyer, C. F. Cook, Trustees, N. Beck, W. B. Rankin, H. C. Weaver, Librarian, C. F. Richards.

N. BECK, Secretary.

——List of letters remaning in the Bellefonte Post Office, May 27, '74.

David Baney, Miss Sarah F. Baney, Andrew Baney, A. Brown, Mrs. Maggie Beck, C. C. Bell, Jos. S. Ford, H. C. Galbrath, Foster D. Gert, Michael Hires, Mrs. Margaret Hunter, Miss Jennie M. Harter, M. Jacobs, S. M. Killough, Mary Kelley, Miss Emma Myers, McLee & Patterson, Cloyse Monsieur Riser, James Sharp, Mrs. Mary J. Smith—2, Mrs. Barbara Smith, Miss Mary Smires, Mrs. Catharine Swiler, John Sheckler.

—The May number of *The Technologist* has arrived. This as we have stated before is a journal devoted to the interest of Manufactors, Mechanics, Builders, Inventors, Engineers and Architects. It is a first class magazine ably edited and almost indispensible to the class whose interest it serves, and there are none so poor that need do without it, for the price is put within the reach of the poorest, being only $1.50 a year. Issued by The Industrial Publishing Co., 176 Broadway, New York.

Centaur Liniment

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lockjaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked-breasts scalds, burns, salt-rheum, earache, &c., &c., upon the human frame, and of strains spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are endered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no articles ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles $1 00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 52 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

5-30-1y